

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

RECONNAISSANCE OF GROUND-WATER DEVELOPMENT
IN THE FORT STOCKTON AREA, PECOS COUNTY, TEXAS

By

G. L. Audsley, Hydraulic Engineer
United States Geological Survey

Prepared for the Bureau of Reclamation,
United States Department of the Interior

September 1956

OPEN-FILE REPORT. NOT REVIEWED FOR CONFORMANCE WITH STANDARDS
AND NOMENCLATURE OF THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

C O N T E N T S

	Page
Introduction -----	1
Pumpage of ground water -----	3
Effects of pumpage on artesian pressures -----	7
Water supply of city of Fort Stockton -----	9
Quality of water -----	10
Ground water in Rustler limestone -----	14
Summary -----	14
References -----	16

ILLUSTRATIONS

Plate	1. Map showing wells and springs in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County, Tex. -----	68
Figure	1. Index map showing location of Fort Stockton area, Texas -----	2
	2. Map showing wells in the Hovey area, Pecos County, Tex. -----	6
	3. Average monthly discharge of Comanche Springs and precipitation at Fort Stockton, Pecos County, Tex., 1941-56 -----	8
	4. Diagram for the classification of irrigation waters -----	12

TABLES

Table	1. Decline of water levels from January 1952 to December 1955 --	9
	2. Pumpage by city of Fort Stockton, 1951-55, in thousands of gallons per month -----	10
	3. Permissible limits of boron for several classes of irrigation waters -----	11
	4. Range in and mean concentration of chemical constituents in water from irrigation wells in the vicinity of Fort Stockton -----	13
	5. Records of wells and springs in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County, Tex. -----	17
	6. Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County, Tex. -----	26
	7. Water levels in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County, Tex. -----	62
	8. Analyses of water from wells and springs in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County, Tex. -----	66

RECONNAISSANCE OF GROUND-WATER DEVELOPMENT
IN THE FORT STOCKTON AREA, PECOS COUNTY, TEXAS

By

G. L. Audsley, Hydraulic Engineer
United States Geological Survey

September 1956

INTRODUCTION

This report was prepared by the U. S. Geological Survey for the U. S. Bureau of Reclamation as part of the Bureau's overall investigation of the water resources of the Fort Stockton area. The investigation for the report was carried on from December 1955 to May 1956 and consisted of a reconnaissance of ground-water pumping in the Fort Stockton area and a determination of the effect of the pumping on water levels in the area. Information was gathered on five phases: (1) the quantity of water being pumped for irrigation from the Cretaceous formations in the Leon, Comanche, Six Shooter, and Cuyanosa watersheds; (2) the effect of this pumping on artesian pressures; (3) the municipal supply of the city of Fort Stockton; (4) the quality of the ground water pumped from the post-Permian formations; and (5) the quantity and quality of water developed from the Rustler limestone of Permian age, and the possibility of future development of the Rustler. The Fort Stockton area, as used in this report, includes only the land south, southwest, and west of the city of Fort Stockton (fig. 1). Some additional data collected in the Comanche Creek watershed north of Fort Stockton are included with the tabular data in this report. The irrigated area in the Comanche Creek watershed directly south of Fort Stockton is included in the discussion of the Leon watershed, and the discussion of the Cuyanosa watershed includes developments in the area of upper and middle Cuyanosa Creek and the Hovey area.

Previous investigations in the Fort Stockton area include geologic mapping near Fort Stockton by Adkins (1927), an investigation of the ground-water resources of the area by Dennis and Lang (1941) and Lang (1942), and an inventory of wells and springs in the northern two-thirds of Pecos County by Dante (1947).

Lang (1942, p. 3) describes the geologic formations as follows:

Lower Cretaceous rocks underlie all of Pecos County ... Where they are not exposed at the surface the rocks are usually mantled by a thin veneer of alluvial deposits. The basal sands of the Trinity group are the most widespread source of potable ground-water supplies in the Fort Stockton area. Beneath the basal Cretaceous sands are red beds of Triassic and Permian age, which usually carries highly mineralized waters in areas where they are several hundred feet below the surface.

Cavernous limestones of Cretaceous age overlie the Trinity group. Water from the Trinity group is believed to enter the limestones through fractures and solution caverns. Some wells obtain as much as 3,000 gallons per minute from

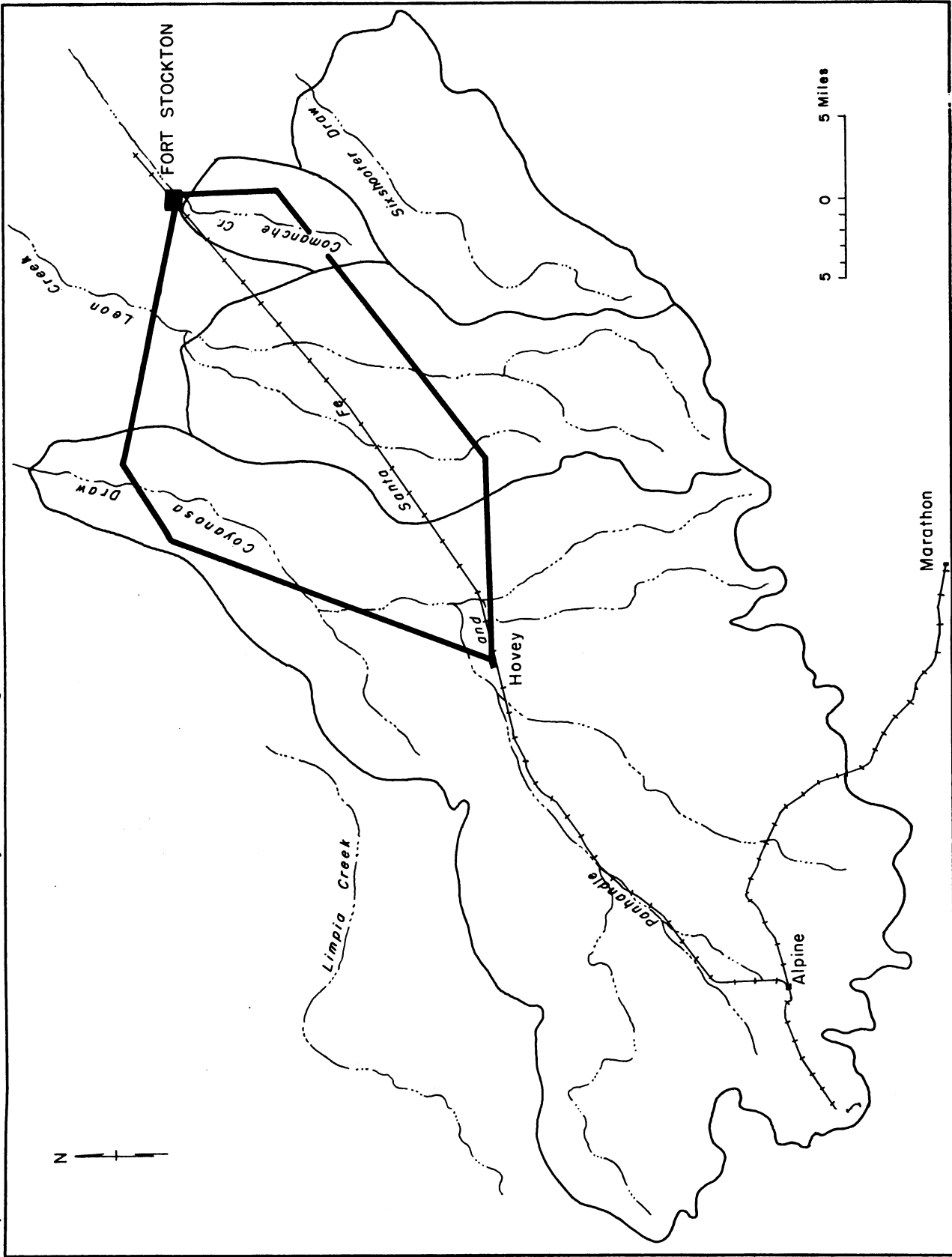


FIGURE I.- Index map showing location of Fort Stockton area, Texas.

caverns in the limestone, which are reported to be as much as 8 feet across. Lang (1942, p. 3) says further:

The direction of dip of the Cretaceous rocks in western Pecos County is easterly; in the vicinity of Twelve Mile Mesa, southwest of Fort Stockton, it is northeasterly; and around Sierra Madera, south of Fort Stockton, it is northerly. It thus appears that Fort Stockton is located in a scoop-like feature in the Cretaceous rocks with the open end of the scoop pointing approximately northeast. The catchment areas for the aquifers that serve the Fort Stockton area must be in western Pecos County, in the vicinities of Twelve Mile Mesa and Chancellor, and around Sierra Madera and perhaps in the extreme northern part of Brewster County, where the basal sandstones and the porous limestones crop out. By traveling in these directions from Fort Stockton one should find ground water of increasingly better quality as the areas of intake are approached.

Adkins (1927) says:

The catchment area of the basal Cretaceous sands is located around the Sierra Madera (elevation about 3,800 feet), in an area south and southwest of Belding (elevation 3,200-3,300 feet), and in Reeves County north of the Herenshon well (elevations of around 3,200 feet). The total extent of this outcrop has not yet been measured, but is probably less than 50 square miles in this vicinity. From the two localities first named, the rocks dip north to northeast towards the Fort Stockton quadrangle, and from the Herenshon well, they dip in a general easterly direction.

PUMPAGE OF GROUND WATER

Records for 162 wells in the vicinity of Fort Stockton are listed in table 5 and the locations of the wells are shown on plate 1. Table 6 gives drillers' and some geologists' logs for some of the wells.

No water for irrigation is being withdrawn from the Six Shooter watershed in the Fort Stockton area. The total quantity of water being pumped from the Leon and Coyanosa watersheds was estimated from cotton acreages, well yields, rate of fuel consumption of pump engines, and total fuel consumption in 1955. Almost all the water pumped for irrigation in the Leon and Coyanosa watersheds was used for the irrigation of cotton. Hay or sorghum is planted to establish acreage allotments, but the quantity of water pumped for irrigation of hay and sorghum is negligible. Three farms were selected as representative of the two watersheds to determine the amount of water being pumped per acre of cotton.

In 1955 the only irrigated crop on farm A was cotton, which was irrigated from wells E-77 and E-78. The yields of both wells were measured, and the corresponding rates of consumption of natural gas by the engines were determined. The following calculations were made to determine the quantity of water pumped per unit of fuel consumed and the quantity of water pumped during 1955.

Well	Rate of fuel consumption (cubic feet per minute)	Measured yield (gpm)
E-77	15.8	1,980
E-78	17.5	2,280
E-77	$\frac{1,980 \text{ gal}}{\text{min}}$ $\frac{15.8 \text{ ft}^3}{\text{min}}$	= 125 $\frac{\text{gal. of water}}{\text{ft}^3 \text{ nat. gas}}$
E-78	$\frac{2,280 \text{ gal}}{\text{min}}$ $\frac{17.5 \text{ ft}^3}{\text{min}}$	= 130 $\frac{\text{gal. of water}}{\text{ft}^3 \text{ nat. gas}}$

Total natural gas consumption in 1955 for both wells, according to the meter, was 6,743,600 cubic feet. The wells used approximately the same amount of fuel so the average rate of the two wells may be used.

$$\text{Average } \frac{125 + 130}{2} = 127 \frac{\text{gal. of water}}{\text{ft}^3 \text{ nat. gas}}$$

$$\frac{6,743,600 \text{ ft}^3 \times 127 \frac{\text{gal}}{\text{ft}^3}}{325,851 \frac{\text{gal}}{\text{acre-feet}}} = 2,630 \text{ acre-feet of water pumped in 1955}$$

In 1955 Farm B irrigated 92 acres of cotton and 50 acres of hay from well E-76. It is estimated that 20 percent of the water was used to irrigate the hay.

Well	Rate of fuel consumption (cubic feet per minute)	Measured yield (gpm)
E-76	13.3	1,670

$$\frac{1,670 \text{ gal}}{\text{min}} \div \frac{13.3 \text{ ft}^3}{\text{min}} = 125 \frac{\text{gal. of water}}{\text{ft}^3 \text{ nat. gas}}$$

Total natural gas consumption in 1955 on farm B was 2,692,300 cubic feet, according to the meter.

$$2,692,300 \times .80 = 2,153,840 \text{ ft}^3 \text{ of nat. gas used to pump water for cotton.}$$

$$\frac{2,153,840 \text{ ft}^3 \times 125 \frac{\text{gal}}{\text{ft}^3}}{325,851 \frac{\text{gal}}{\text{acre-feet}}} = 830 \text{ acre-feet of water pumped in 1955.}$$

Farm C irrigated 130 acres of cotton in 1955 from well E-79. No other crop was irrigated.

Well	Rate of fuel consumption (cubic feet per minute)	Measured yield (gpm)
E-79	15.4	1,940

$$\frac{1,940 \text{ gal}}{\text{min}} \div \frac{15.4 \text{ ft}^3}{\text{min}} = 126 \frac{\text{gal. of water}}{\text{ft}^3 \text{ of nat. gas}}$$

Total natural gas consumption in 1955 was 1,610,400 cubic-feet.

$$1,610,400 \text{ ft}^3 \times \frac{126 \text{ gal}}{\text{ft}^3} = 620 \text{ acre-feet of water pumped in 1955.}$$

$$\frac{325,851 \text{ gal}}{\text{acre-feet}}$$

In summary,

Farm	Acres cotton	Water pumped (acre-feet)
A	397	2,630
B	92	830
C	130	620
Total	619	4,080

$$\frac{4,080 \text{ acre-feet of water}}{619 \text{ acres of cotton}} = \frac{6.6 \text{ acre-feet of water}}{\text{acre of cotton}}$$

According to the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Division of the United States Department of Agriculture, 3,114 acres of cotton was grown in the Leon watershed in 1955.

$$3,114 \text{ acres of cotton} \times \frac{6.6 \text{ acre-feet water}}{\text{acre of cotton}} = 20,600 \text{ acre-feet of water pumped.}$$

According to the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Division cotton allotments for the Leon watershed totaled 5,409 acres for 1956. Thus, considerably more water will be pumped in 1956.

In the Coyanosa watershed the cotton acreage for 1955 was 216. Using the factor of 6.6 acre-feet of water per acre irrigated.

$$216 \times 6.6 = 1,425 \text{ acre-feet of water (estimated withdrawal in 1955).}$$

The acreage allotment was increased to 833 acres for 1956, so the pumpage will be increased perhaps proportionately.

An irrigation area is developing near Hovey, about 35 miles southwest of Fort Stockton (fig. 2). Three wells (J-1, J-2, and J-3) have been constructed, but as yet no estimate of ground-water withdrawal for this area can be made.

Prepared for the Bureau of Reclamation by the U.S. Geological Survey

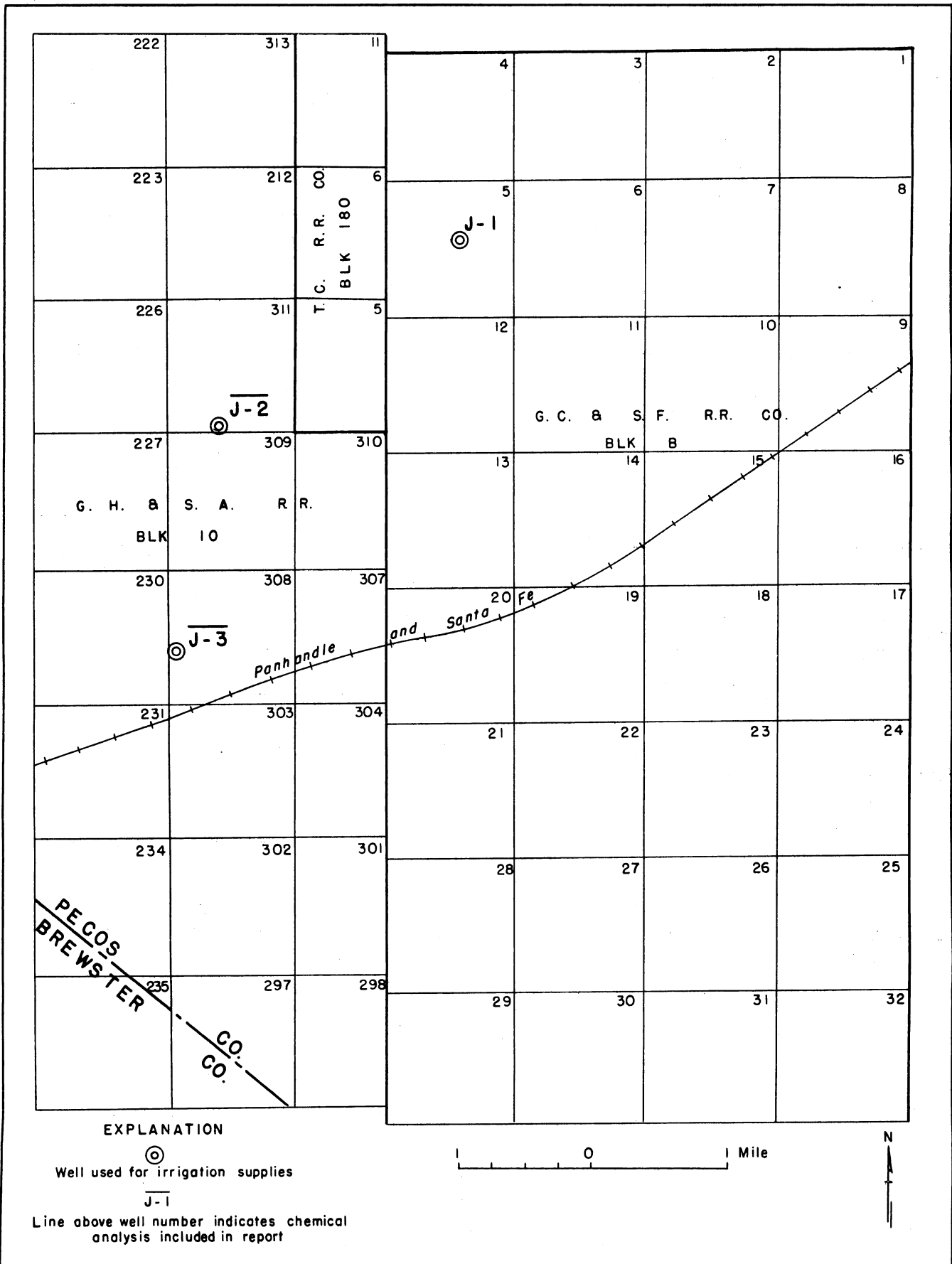


FIGURE 2. - Map showing wells in the Hovey area, Pecos County, Tex.

The figure of 6.6 acre-feet of water per acre irrigated is substantially higher than similar figures obtained elsewhere in Texas. Hood and Knowles (1952 p. 3) reported figures ranging from 2.7 acre-feet per acre in 1950 to 4.4 acre-feet per acre in 1940 in Reeves County; and Hughes and Magee (1956, p. 7) reported 1.48 acre-feet per acre in 1954 in the High Plains. The type of crop irrigated in Reeves County and the High Plains was essentially the same as in the Fort Stockton area.

The figure of 6.6 acre-feet of water per acre was obtained on the basis of measurements of yield versus fuel consumption made at the start of the irrigation season, and cotton acreages supplied by the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Division. The decline of artesian pressure during the irrigation season probably results in a decrease of yield per unit of fuel consumption, thus decreasing the amount of water pumped per acre irrigated below the computed figure. Other factors causing the high ratio of acre-feet of water pumped per acre of cotton irrigated are: In many places cotton rows are three-quarters of a mile to a mile long, and by the time minimum moisture penetration has been achieved at the lower end of the row, there is excessively deep moisture penetration at the upper end; much tail water is allowed to run down road ditches and across pastures; and most of the irrigation ditches are unlined and it is estimated that seepage losses run as high as 30 percent of the pumpage at some farms where fields are more than a mile from the well.

EFFECTS OF PUMPAGE ON ARTESIAN PRESSURES

Periodic water-level measurements have been made in wells in the Fort Stockton area since 1942 (table 7). The net change of artesian pressure in 10 wells for the period January 1952 to December 1955, which corresponds with the period of maximum pumping in the area, is shown in table 1. The average net decline in the 10 wells was 2.28 feet, and the maximum decline was 5.32 feet at well F-154.

The overall decline of artesian pressures shown by the off-season measurements is not to be confused with the large seasonal decline caused by pumping each summer in the Fort Stockton area. As water is withdrawn from a well, the artesian pressure drops, creating a hydraulic gradient which increases toward the well. The shape of the declining pressure surface resembles an inverted cone, and is called the cone of depression. The cone grows as pumping continues, and eventually the cones of individual wells may merge to form one large cone of depression around areas of concentrated pumping. Water-level records and reported pump settings suggest that such a cone of depression extends laterally for many miles in the Leon watershed, the point of greatest decline in pressure appearing to be near well E-91.

The average discharge of Comanche Springs and the precipitation at Fort Stockton are shown in figure 3. Although the correlation between spring discharge and precipitation is partly masked by the effects of pumping, the overall decline of discharge of the springs that started in 1947 can be correlated with the period of subnormal rainfall from 1947 through 1955.

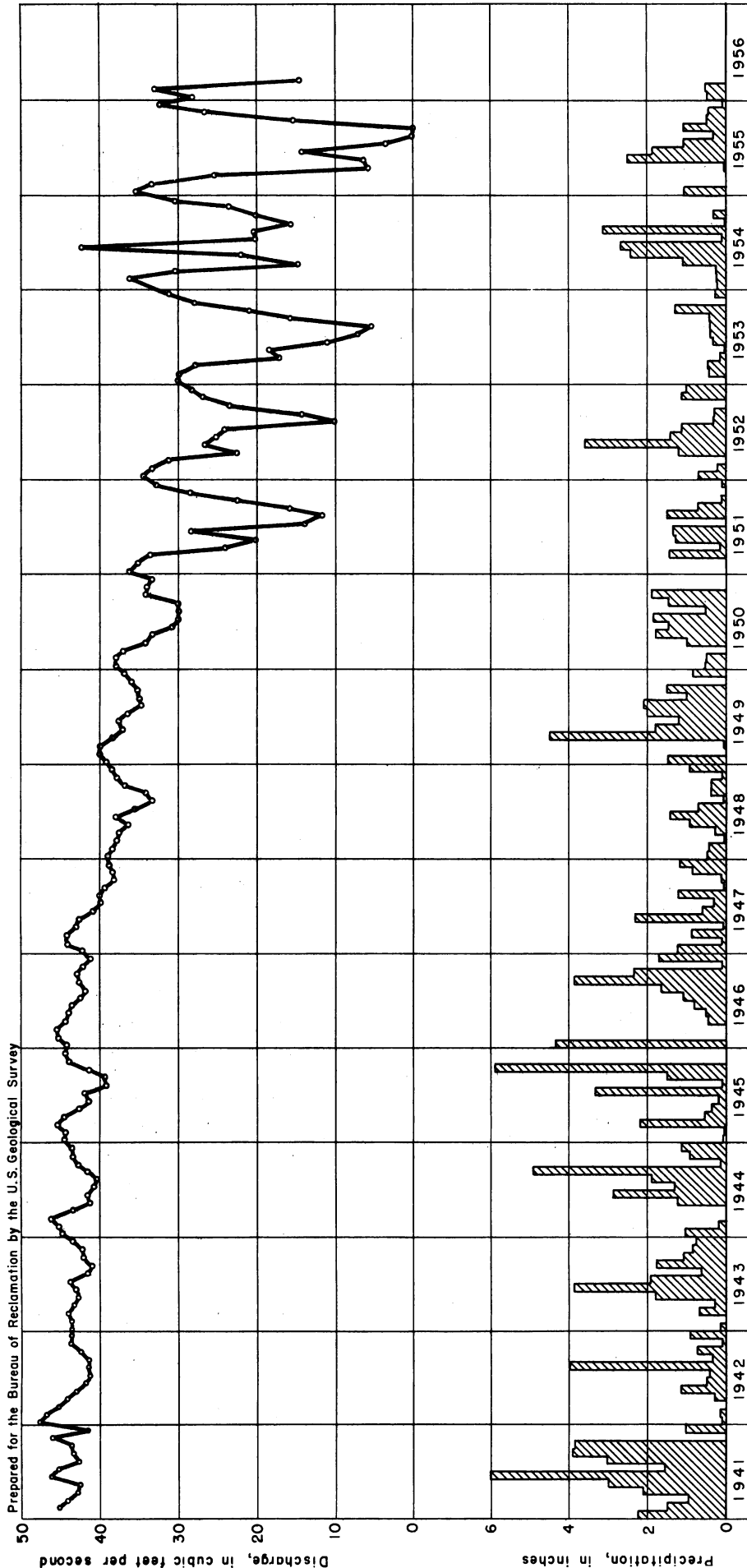


FIGURE 3. - Average monthly discharge of Comanche Springs and precipitation at Fort Stockton, Pecos County, Tex., 1941 - 56.

Table 1. - Decline of water levels from January 1952 to December 1955

Well number	Decline of water levels, in feet
E-69	- 3.45
E-73	- 2.43
E-91	- 2.30
F-57	- 1.80
F-130	- 1.52
F-132	- .03
F-149	- 5.18
F-153	- .78
F-154	- 5.32
F-156	- .01

Comparison of the discharge measurements from January 1951 to January 1956 indicates that the flow of the springs during each pumping season has declined since 1951, and in 1955 the flow actually ceased temporarily. At the close of each irrigation season, however, the discharge has increased steadily and the discharge of the springs prior to the start of each annual irrigation season has shown no significant decline during the period 1951-55.

The area of recharge for the aquifers supplying the Fort Stockton area has been described by Lang (1942, p. 3) as lying south and southwest of Fort Stockton. Heavy pumping in the Hovey area, therefore, possibly could affect artesian pressures in the Fort Stockton area.

WATER SUPPLY OF THE CITY OF FORT STOCKTON

In 1954 the city of Fort Stockton was operating four wells, F-52, F-53, F-54, and F-55, for the municipal water supply. Monthly pumpage for the period 1951-56 is shown in table 2. The wells, all located on one city block, range in depth from 172 to 203 feet and pump from caverns in the Cretaceous limestone. Prior to 1954, the static water level was about 52 feet, with a pumping level of 54 feet. Although, as shown in table 2, withdrawals remained relatively constant, by the summer of 1954 the pumping levels had declined to about 63 feet and by the summer of 1955 declined still further to 102 feet. The city was concerned also because the water was contaminated by sewage which moved readily through the fractured limestone, probably from sources such as cesspools.

Table 2.-Pumpage by city of Fort Stockton, 1951-55 (in thousands of gallons per month)

(Data from files of city of Fort Stockton)

	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956
January	15,010	18,220	17,680	22,150	15,170	18,510
February	14,930	16,780	17,530	22,740	20,050	20,695
March	18,440	21,260	20,350	27,800	33,520	33,005
April	23,260	25,520	28,080	27,440	38,730	-
May	25,830	28,200	39,407	29,700	32,760	-
June	34,050	31,170	48,370	37,550	52,340	-
July	48,310	37,790	54,859	54,120	46,999	-
August	40,026	47,057	49,125	34,580	48,100	-
September	29,770	32,600	37,810	43,640	34,340	-
October	24,720	26,940	27,630	29,010	26,460	-
November	17,710	16,630	21,320	23,090	19,910	-
December	18,780	14,360	19,290	20,450	19,640	-
Total	310,836	316,527	381,351	372,270	388,019	-

Concern over the declining pumping levels and the contamination problem prompted the city of Fort Stockton to start an exploratory drilling program in late 1955 to test the basal Cretaceous sands for a new permanent water supply. Well F-137, located 50 feet east of the old wells, was drilled to 345 feet, and the water from the limestone was cased off.

A second well, F-136, located about 1 mile southwest of the old wells, was completed in April 1956 to a depth of 414 feet. This well was reported to yield 500 gallons per minute from the basal Cretaceous sands. The city of Fort Stockton plans to continue the exploratory drilling program until a maximum yield of 2,000 gallons per minute from the sands is obtained.

QUALITY OF WATER

Partial chemical analyses of water from 34 wells in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, and from Comanche Springs are given in table 8. The analyses were made in the laboratory of the U. S. Geological Survey at Austin, Tex.

Standards specified by the U. S. Public Health Service (1946) for water used on interstate carriers place the following limits on the concentration of the more important dissolved constituents:

	<u>Parts per million</u>
Iron and manganese (Fe, Mn) -----	0.3
Magnesium (Mg) -----	125
Chloride (Cl) -----	250
Fluoride (F) -----	1.5
Sulfate (SO ₄) -----	250

Dissolved solids should not exceed 500 parts per million in water of good chemical quality. However, if such water is not available, a dissolved-solids content of 1,000 parts per million may be permitted.

Calcium and magnesium are the principal constituents causing hardness in water. Water having a hardness of less than 60 parts per million (ppm) is considered soft; 61 to 120 ppm, moderately hard; 121 to 200 ppm, hard; and more than 200 ppm, very hard.

A diagram for the classification of irrigation waters is given in figure 4, and table 3 gives the permissible limits of boron for several classes of irrigation waters.

Table 3.--Permissible limits of boron for several classes of irrigation waters (parts per million)
(From Wilcox, 1955, p. 11)

Boron class	Sensitive crops	Semitolerant crops	Tolerant crops
1 -----	0.33	0.67	1.00
2 -----	0.33 to .67	0.67 to 1.33	1.00 to 2.00
3 -----	.67 to 1.00	1.33 to 2.00	2.00 to 3.00
4 -----	1.00 to 1.25	2.00 to 2.50	3.00 to 3.75
5 -----	1.25	2.50	3.75

The analyses indicate that most of the water from the Cretaceous formation in the Fort Stockton area have a high to very high salinity hazard, a low to a medium sodium hazard, and a very low boron content. Further interpretation of the relation of quality of water for irrigation use is beyond the scope of this report. The reader is referred to a report by the United States Salinity Laboratory Staff (1954) for comprehensive treatment of the subject.

Table 4 gives the range in concentration and the mean of chemical constituents in water from irrigation wells in the Cretaceous rocks in the vicinity of Fort Stockton. The dissolved mineral content of the water is least in the Coyanosa watershed and greatest in the Comanche watershed north of Fort Stockton, thus indicating a progressive increase of mineral content down the dip of the water-bearing status.

Prepared for the Bureau of Reclamation by the U.S. Geological Survey

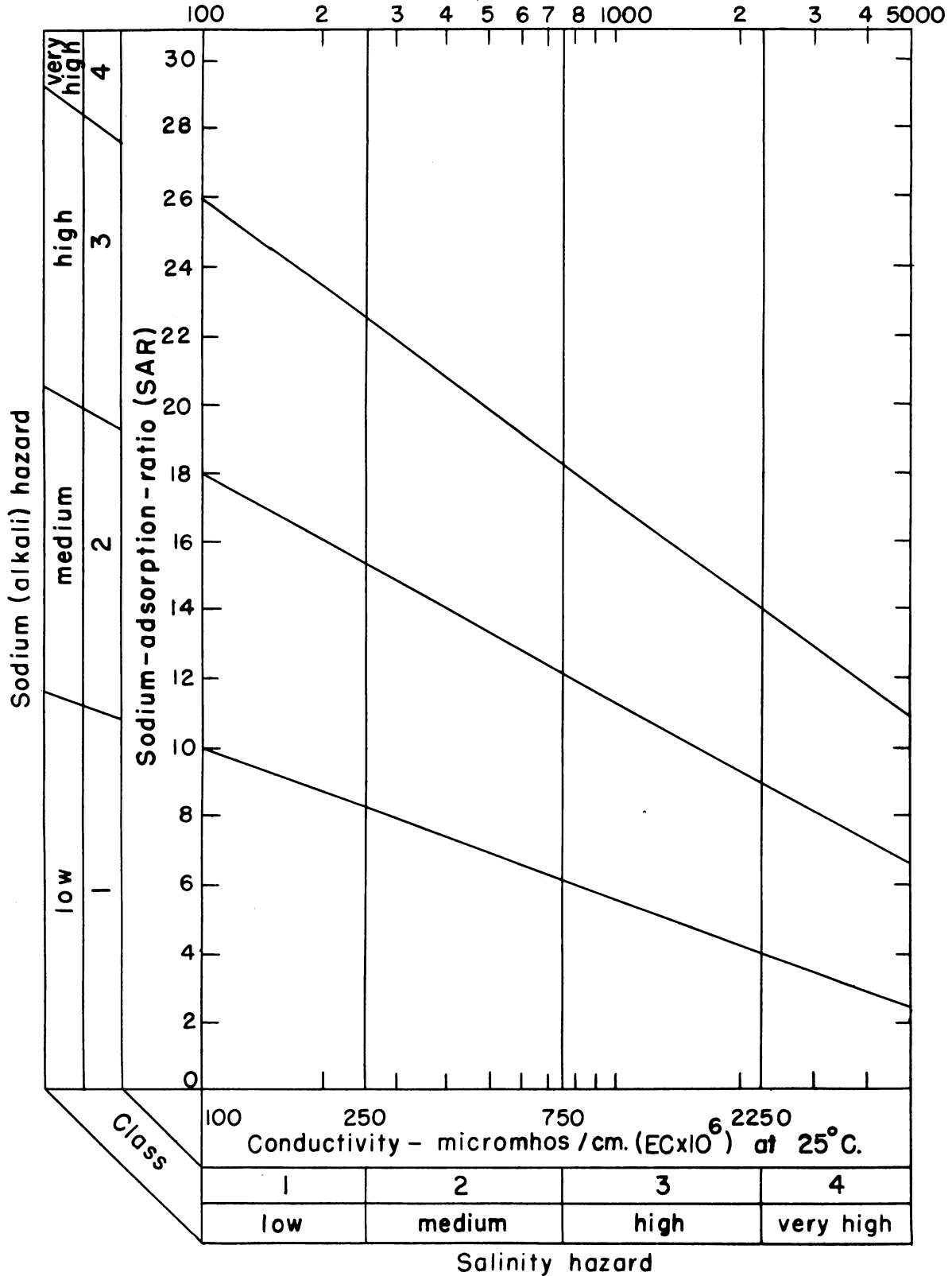


FIGURE 4.—Diagram for the classification of irrigation waters
 (After United States Salinity Laboratory Staff, 1956, p.80)

Table 4. Range in and mean concentration of chemical constituents in water from irrigation wells in the vicinity of Fort Stockton

(Constituents are in parts per million except specific conductance, and sodium-adsorption ratio)

	LEON WATERSHED				COYANOSA WATERSHED		COMANCHE WATERSHED	
	Rustler limestone (four wells)		Cretaceous formations (seven wells)		Cretaceous formations (two wells)		north of Fort Stockton Cretaceous formations (nine wells)	
	Range	Mean	Range	Mean	Range	Mean	Range	Mean
Calcium (Ca)	265 - 530	397	136 - 148	141	94 - 102	98	161 - 416	263
Magnesium (Mg)	62 - 118	96	44 - 53	49	19 - 27	23	60 - 144	88
Sulfate (SO ₄)	750 - 1,470	1,170	259 - 444	384	143 - 177	160	500 - 1,380	799
Chloride (Cl)	160 - 300	252	302 - 380	352	114 - 144	129	390 - 795	572
Boron (B)	.21 - .27	.24	.23 - .56	.32	.20 - .27	.24	.56 - .60	.57
Dissolved solids	1,730 - 2,580	2,180	1,220 - 1,420	1,360	604 - 710	657	1,560 - 3,420	2,290
Total hardness as CaCO ₃	916 - 1,810	1,380	528 - 584	555	312 - 366	339	694 - 1,630	1,020
Specific conductance (micromhos at 25°C)	2,430 - 3,150	2,760	1,990 - 2,250	2,180	994 - 1,170	1,080	2,450 - 4,730	3,350
Sodium-adsorption ratio (SAR)	1.1 - 3.1	2.0	4.2 - 5.3	4.8	2.1 - 2.4	2.25	4.2 - 6.7	5.4

GROUND WATER IN RUSTLER LIMESTONE

In the Fort Stockton area, with the exception of well F-62, all wells tapping the Rustler limestone flow (see table 5). Most of the wells were drilled as oil tests, and the drillers report that the water occurs in cavernous anhydrite and dolomite beds within the Rustler. There does not appear to be any continuity in depth or elevation of the caverns, and Dennis and Lang (1941, p. 87) state, "...Many of the wells in the Rustler obtained large flows of water. On the other hand a number of wells have penetrated the formation without finding water, and some wells yielded too little water for irrigation use." There is no certainty of obtaining large yields from the Rustler. The yield for well E-28 was measured at 675 gallons per minute on March 28, 1956, and the yields for wells E-30 and E-84 were estimated on March 28, 1956, at 600 and 1,500 gallons per minute, respectively. However, many wells yielding less than 300 gallons per minute have been abandoned.

The water in the Rustler contains large quantities of hydrogen sulfide and sulfate and generally is unfit for human consumption. (See table 4). Analyses of all the samples of water from the Rustler showed a very high salinity hazard, a low sodium hazard, and a very low boron content.

Wells in the Rustler north and northwest of Fort Stockton have higher yields than those south and southwest of Fort Stockton, but they yield more highly mineralized water.

Large-scale development of water supplies from the Rustler for irrigation projects does not appear feasible because: (1) yields are unpredictable, (2) the depth to the water-bearing horizons is between 1,000 and 2,000 feet, and (3) the quality of water may be unsuitable for certain crops and soils.

SUMMARY

Ground water in the Fort Stockton area is obtained from sand and limestone of Cretaceous age and the Rustler limestone of Permian age. The major use of water is for irrigation of cotton. The total amount of water pumped in the area in 1955 was calculated by using a factor of 6.6 acre-feet of water per acre of cotton irrigated which was computed from the total quantity of water withdrawn versus the net acreage of cotton harvested on three farms which were considered representative of the area. This factor is substantially higher than similar figures obtained elsewhere in Texas because, large quantities of water are lost by seepage and evaporation primarily because of the use of lengthy unlined irrigation ditches. The estimate may be in error also if the rates of pumping, which were measured near the start of the irrigation season, are substantially greater than the average for the year.

On the basis of data on cotton acreage issued by the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Division, approximately 20,600 acre-feet of water was pumped in 1955 from the Leon watershed. The pumpage for the average scheduled for 1956 will be much greater. Pumpage from the Coynosa watershed in 1955 as computed is approximately 1,435 acre feet. The pumpage for 1956 should be considerably greater because cotton acreage allotments are larger.

Periodic water-level measurements made during the winter months show that pumping in the Fort Stockton area from 1951 through 1955 has had very little

net effect on artesian pressures. During the summer, however, prolonged pumping creates a temporary area-wide cone of depression, resulting in the necessity of deeper pump settings at some wells and the temporary cessation of spring flow.

The public supply for the city of Fort Stockton prior to 1955 was obtained from four wells which ranged in depth from 175 to 203 feet and obtained water from the cavernous limestone of Cretaceous age. Concern over declining pumping levels resulted in an exploratory drilling program in 1955 to test the basal Cretaceous sands for a permanent water supply. Two successful wells, each yielding 500 gallons per minute, have been completed, and additional well construction is planned until a maximum supply of 2,000 gallons per minute is assured. The reported average monthly consumption of water in 1955 was 32,335,000 gallons, and no immediate large increase in water consumption is anticipated in the foreseeable future.

Water from wells in the Cretaceous formations in the Leon watershed is more highly mineralized than water from similar wells in the Coyanosa watershed. In general, however, the ground water in the Fort Stockton area is usable for irrigation and, except for the water from the Rustler, is usable for domestic supply.

Large-scale development of water supplies for irrigation and public supplies from the Rustler limestone does not appear feasible because of unpredictable yields, the great depth to water-bearing zones, and the poor quality of the water.

REFERENCES

- ADKINS, W. S., 1927, The geology and mineral resources of the Fort Stockton quadrangle: Univ. Texas Bull. 2738, p. 89.
- DANTE, J. H., 1947, Records of wells and springs in northern Pecos County: Texas Board Water Engineers, duplicated report.
- DENNIS, P. E., and LANG, J. W., Pecos River Joint Investigation Vol. I, Water resources of the Pecos River Basin, Report B, Geology and ground water: Texas Board Water Engineers, duplicated report.
- HOOD, J. W., and KNOWLES, D. B., 1952, Summary of ground-water development in the Pecos area, Reeves and Ward Counties, Texas: Texas Board Water Engineers Bull. 5202.
- HUGHES, W. F., and MAGEE, A. C., 1956, Changes in investment and irrigation water costs, Texas High Plains, 1950-54: Texas Agri. Exper. Sta. Bull. 828.
- LANG, J. W., 1942, Available supplies of ground water of low mineral content in vicinity of Fort Stockton, Tex.: U. S. Geol. Survey open-file report.
- United States Public Health Service, 1946, Drinking-water standards: Public Health Repts., v. 61, no. 11, p. 371-384
- United States Salinity Laboratory staff, 1954, Diagnosis and improvement of saline and alkali soils: U. S. Department Agriculture, Agr. Handbook 60.
- WILCOX, L. V., 1955, Classification and use of irrigation waters: U. S. Dept. Agri. Circ. 969.

Table 5.- Records of wells and springs in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County, Tex.

(All wells are drilled unless otherwise noted in the remarks column)

Method of lift: A, airlift; B, bucket; C, cylinder; Cf, centrifugal; E, electric; G, gasoline; H, hand; Ng, natural gas; T, turbine; W, windmill. Number indicates horsepower.

Use of water: D, domestic; Irr, irrigation; N, not used; P, public supply; RR, railroad; S, stock.

Well	Owner	Driller	Date completed	Depth of well (ft.)	Diameter of well (in.)	Water level		Method of lift	Use of water	Remarks
						Below land-surface datum (ft.)	Date of measurement			
*E-13	D. J. Sibley	Lawrence Ryan	1943	401	7	b/44.3 51.6	Nov. 23, 1946 Jan. 19, 1955	C,W	S	Observation well.
E-16	Southwestern Life Insurance Co.	Buell-Hagen	--	2,933	--	--	--	None	N	Oil test. Altitude of land surface 3,170 ft. See log.
E-18	Chandler Co.	Honolulu Oil & Refining Co. et al	1931	3,096	--	--	--	None	N	Oil test. Altitude of land surface 3,054 ft. See log.
*E-26	M. C. Slaton	-- Belding	1943	350	18	50.4 55.7 63.6	Nov. 30, 1946 Mar. 6, 1950 Jan. 5, 1956	T,Ng	Irr	Sand reported from 176 to 276 ft. Measured yield 2,930 gpm, Mar. 15, 1956. Temp. 79°F.
*E-28	Clayton Williams	Humble Oil & Refining Co.	1937	1,373	8½	+ +	Apr. 3, 1944 Mar. 28, 1956	Flows	Irr	Water reported from Rustler formation at 1,373 ft. Measured yield 675 gpm, Mar. 28, 1956. Temp. 89°F.
*E-29	do	Claude Garrett	1946	446	12½	66.3	Dec. 17, 1946	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 280 ft. Measured yield 1,474 gpm, Mar. 28, 1956. Temp. 78°F.
*E-30	Chandler Co.	Schkade & Reynolds	1940	1,756	8	+ +	Apr. 11, 1946 Apr. 4, 1956	Flows	Irr	Reported yield 600 gpm, Temp. 85°F. See log.
*E-31	Mrs. C. L. Thompson	Humble Oil & Refining Co.	--	3,575	--	+	Apr. 3, 1946	Flows	--	Temp. 84°F. See log.
*E-32	George Baker	--	--	220	8	168.8 170.9 173.6 175.8	June 16, 1947 June 25, 1950 Dec. 3, 1954 Jan. 7, 1956	C,W	S	
*E-33	do	--	Old	200	8	84.2 99.7 99.4 100.3	June 16, 1947 Dec. 3, 1954 Jan. 20, 1955 Apr. 12, 1956	C,W	S	Temp. 69°F.
E-51	-- Harrison	Pure Oil Co.	--	5,000	--	--	--	None	N	Oil test. Altitude of land surface 3,494 ft. See log.
E-56	-- Alvis	Pennsylvanian Oil Co.	1931	3,925	--	--	--	None	N	Oil test. Altitude of land surface 3,493 ft. See log.
E-61	A. J. Sitten, Sr.	--	--	--	16	48.1	Jan. 7, 1956	T,B	Irr	
E-62	Raymond Tyler	Richardson Bros.	--	429	16	49.5	do	T,B	Irr	Cased to 365 ft. Measured yield 1,113 gpm, Apr. 2, 1956. Temp. 72°F.

17

a/ Reported by owner or driller.
b/ See table of water level measurements.
c/ See table of chemical analyses.

Table 5.- Records of wells and springs in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County--Continued

Well	Owner	Driller	Date completed	Depth of well (ft.)	Diameter of well (in.)	Water level		Method of lift	Use of water	Remarks
						Below land-surface datum (ft.)	Date of measurement			
E-63	Raymond Tyler	--- Landcaster	1956	630	20, 16	62.3	Feb. 20, 1956	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 400 ft. Reported water from yellow sand from 477 to 490 ft. Temp. 72°F.
E-64	do	Henry Parker	1955	641	16	58.5	do	T,B	Irr	Cased to 420 ft. Temp. 72°F. See log.
E-65	do	--- Landcaster	---	570	16	67.1	do	T,B	Irr	Cased to 420 ft. Temp. 72°F.
*E-66	do	Henry Parker	---	630	16	76.1	do	T,B	Irr	Cased to 420 ft. Temp. 71°F.
*E-67	Harlan Black	---	1955	600	14	90.1	Jan. 7, 1956	T,B	Irr	Cased to bottom. Measured yield 721 gpm, Apr. 2, 1956. Temp. 70°F.
E-68	Lillian Rudicil	The Texas Co.	--	3,122	--	--	--	None	N	Oil test. See log.
E-69	Chandler Co.	--	--	285	18, 15	b/9.2 12.7	Jan. 25, 1952 Dec. 7, 1955	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 285 ft. Observation well.
E-70	do	--	--	83	18	10.1	Dec. 7, 1955	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 80 ft. Measured yield 2,745 gpm, Mar. 30, 1956.
E-71	do	--	--	243	18	6.1 7.5 9.1	Jan. 20, 1955 Feb. 9, 1955 Dec. 7, 1955	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 243 ft.
E-72	do	--	--	60	16	b/15.0 12.5	Dec. 8, 1952 Dec. 7, 1955	T,E	Irr	Cased to 60 ft. Observation well.
E-73	do	--	--	105	16	b/8.6 11.0	Jan. 25, 1952 Dec. 7, 1955	T,B	Irr	Cased to 100 ft. Observation well.
E-74	do	--	--	290	10	62.1 67.2	Apr. 12, 1956 May 3, 1956	None	N	Observation well.
E-75	do	--	--	1,600	--	--	--	None	N	Oil test. Webb Fee well 1. See log.
E-76	Carl Cocheran	R. A. Cleveland	1950	160	15	51.0 57.8	Apr. 12, 1950 Jan. 5, 1956	T,Ng	Irr	Measured yield 1,658 gpm, Apr. 11, 1956. See log.
E-77	M. C. Slaton	do	1950	175	16	54.4	Dec. 28, 1955	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 150 ft. Measured yield 2,025 gpm, Apr. 11, 1956. Temp. 79°F. See log.
E-78	do	---	1955	150	16	61.9	Jan. 5, 1956	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 135 ft. Measured yield 2,278 gpm, Mar. 28, 1956.
E-79	Bill Sage	-- McMahon	1950	165	12½	58.6 66.1	Apr. 1, 1950 Jan. 5, 1956	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 77½ ft. Measured yield 1,940 gpm, Mar. 29, 1956. Temp. 80°F. See log.
E-80	McKinney & Ivey	Bill Tipton	1950	190	16	63.9 64.8	Nov. 30, 1951 Dec. 28, 1955	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 140 ft. Measured yield 1,017 gpm, Mar. 30, 1956. See log.
E-81	do	do	1951	200	16	72.6	Dec. 28, 1955	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 140 ft. Measured yield 1,456 gpm, Mar. 30, 1956.

Table 5.- Records of wells and springs in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County--Continued

Well	Owner	Driller	Date completed	Depth of well (ft.)	Diameter of well (in.)	Water level		Method of lift	Use of water	Remarks
						Below land-surface datum (ft.)	Date of measurement			
E-82	McKinney & Ivey	Bill Tipton	1951	200	16	72.2	Dec. 28, 1955	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 140 ft. Measured yield 1,330 gpm, Apr. 11, 1956. Temp. 77°F.
E-83	do	do	1951	170	16	71.8	do	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 140 ft.
*E-84	Chandler Co.	Joe Cannon	1952	1,812	16, 12%	+	Apr. 4, 1956	Flows	Irr	Well acidized when completed. Casing set to 1,620 ft. Temp. 86°F. See log.
E-85	Mrs. C. L. Thompson	Humble Oil & Refining Co.	--	429	--	--	--	None	N	Oil test. See log.
E-86	L. C. Holliday	E. James	1955	192	16	79.8	Dec. 28, 1955	T,B	Irr	Cased to 160 ft. Measured yield 1,775 gpm, Mar. 28, 1956.
E-87	Clayton Williams	--	--	--	--	71.3	do	T,Ng	Irr	Measured yield 1,070 gpm, Mar. 28, 1956.
E-88	do	--	--	--	--	72.5	do	T,Ng	Irr	Measured yield 618 gpm, Mar. 28, 1956.
E-89	Wesley Whitman	--	1955	192	20	b/77.3 109.1	Jan. 5, 1956 Apr. 10, 1956	T,Ng	Irr	Reported well can produce 600 gpm. Observation well.
E-90	do	E. J. McMillan	1956	308	16	141.8	Apr. 10, 1956	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 120 ft. See log.
E-91	The University of Texas	--	1946	208	--	99.6 101.9 145.1 151.0	Nov. 30, 1951 Dec. 19, 1955 Apr. 10, 1956 May 5, 1956	C,W	S	Cased to 145 ft. Sand at 208 ft. Temp. 79°F.
*E-92	S. C. Park	Richardson Bros.	1955	210	16	98.7	Dec. 19, 1955	T,B	Irr	Cased to 30 ft. Measured yield 885 gpm, Mar. 29, 1956. Temp. 77°F. See log.
E-93	Bill Tripp	Joe Gray	1956	327	16	a/110	Apr. 1956	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to bottom.
E-94	D. C. McAteer	do	1956	308	16	a/115	Apr. 1956	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 300 ft.
E-95	Chandler Co.	do	1955	260	16	97.9	Jan. 3, 1956	T,B	Irr	Cased to bottom. Measured yield 1,676 gpm, Mar. 31, 1956.
E-96	do	Leonard Wilson	1955	280	16	104.9	do	T,B	Irr	Cased to bottom. Measured yield 1,415 gpm, Mar. 31, 1956.
E-97	do	do	1955	270	16	108.9	do	T,B	Irr	Cased to bottom. Measured yield 1,784 gpm, Mar. 31, 1956.
E-98	do	Joe Gray	1955	270	16	108.2	do	T,B	Irr	Cased to bottom. Measured yield 885 gpm, Apr. 4, 1956. Temp. 76°F.
E-99	dc	--	1955	224	16	136.0 140.2 148.4	Apr. 3, 1956 Apr. 10, 1956 May 3, 1956	None	N	Abandoned because of crooked hole.
E-100	McKinney & Ivey	A. N. Yocke	1956	--	--	140.2 143.0	Dec. 16, 1955 Mar. 21, 1956	T,Ng	Irr	Well deepened in 1956. Measured yield 921 gpm, Apr. 11, 1956.

Table 5.-- Records of wells and springs in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County--Continued

Well	Owner	Driller	Date completed	Depth of well (ft.)	Diameter of well (in.)	Water level		Method of lift	Use of water	Remarks
						Below land-surface datum (ft.)	Date of measurement			
E-101	Ralph Merkle	--	1956	--	--	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	
E-102	do	--	1956	--	--	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	
E-103	do	--	--	--	--	160.6 166.5 169.2	Jan. 5, 1956 Apr. 3, 1956 Apr. 10, 1956	T,B	Irr	Reported weak well.
E-104	Chandler Co.	Leonard Wilson	1955	430	16	149.5	Jan. 3, 1956	T,B	Irr	Cased to bottom. Measured yield 903 gpm, Mar. 31, 1956.
E-105	do	Joe Gray	1955	270	16	133.3	do	T,B	Irr	Cased to 170 ft. Measured yield 1,258 gpm, Apr. 3, 1956. Temp. 75°F.
E-106	do	Leonard Wilson	1955	270	16	129.4	do	T,B	Irr	Cased to bottom. Measured yield 910 gpm, Mar. 31, 1956.
E-107	do	Joe Gray	1955	270	20	111.0 125.6	Jan. 3, 1956 Apr. 3, 1956	None	N	Cased to bottom. Well will not be used in 1956.
E-108	Bill Williams	A. N. Yocke	1955	290	16	127.2 143.0	Dec. 20, 1955 Apr. 10, 1956	T,B	Irr	Cased to 260 ft. Temp. 82°F.
E-109	--	--	--	--	--	125.3 140.6	Dec. 20, 1955 Apr. 10, 1956	C,W	S	
E-110	L. P. Williams	J. T. Coats	1956	590	--	--	--	T,B	Irr	Reported to yield 1,500 gpm. Sand and limestone reported to 590 ft.
E-111	do	do	1955	385	16	155.1	Dec. 20, 1955	T,B	Irr	Cased to bottom. Measured yield 1,064 gpm, Mar. 30, 1956. See log.
*E-112	do	do	1955	372	16	156.9	do	T,B	Irr	Cased to 44 ft. Measured yield 1,690 gpm, Apr. 11, 1956. Temp. 81°F. See log.
E-113	do	do	1955	260	16	--	--	None	N	Insufficient water; will be deepened in 1956.
E-114	Douglas Fugate	A. N. Yocke	1956	329	16	171.2 186.8 188.8	Feb. 20, 1956 Apr. 3, 1956 Apr. 10, 1956	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 254 ft.
E-115	Chandler Co.	Leonard Wilson	1955	330	16	173.0	Dec. 29, 1955	T,B	Irr	Measured yield 1,022 gpm, Apr. 11, 1956.
E-116	A. F. Buchanan	Bill Gibbs, Jr.	1955	365	16	--	--	T,B	Irr	Cased to bottom. Measured yield 3,080 gpm, Mar. 30, 1956.
E-117	do	Don Kimbrough	1955	303	18	211.8 233.4	Feb. 20, 1956 Apr. 10, 1956	T,Ng	Irr	
E-118	do	Barbee Drilling Co.	1956	315	16	220.4 225.3	Mar. 31, 1956 Apr. 10, 1956	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 277 ft.
E-119	do	do	1956	598	--	a/253	Mar. 1956	T,B	Irr	Weak supply of water. Reported sulfur water smell.

Table 5.- Records of wells and springs in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County--Continued

Well	Owner	Driller	Date completed	Depth of well (ft.)	Diameter of well (in.)	Water level		Method of lift	Use of water	Remarks
						Below land-surface datum (ft.)	Date of measurement			
E-120	L. P. Williams	J. T. Coats	1955	597	--	--	--	None	N	Insufficient supply. Reported fresh water at 547 ft. See log.
E-121	A. F. Buchanan	--	--	--	--	--	--	None	N	Well being drilled April 1956 by rotary rig.
*F-4	Ernest Riggs	Bishop Smith	1946	334	16	38.9 44.4	Dec. 3, 1946 Aug. 1, 1948	T,B	Irr.	Cased to 107 ft. Water has bad taste. Temp. 65°F. See log.
F-7	do	Earl Holloway	1947	360	18	b/14.2 12.7	June 6, 1947 Dec. 6, 1955	None	N	Observation well.
*F-13	T. W. Hillin	Carmine Drilling Co.	1947	515	16	23.0	Apr. 10, 1947	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 120 ft. Altitude of land surface 2,882 ft. Temp. 71°F. See log.
F-20	E. A. Robertson	--	1946	217	16	17.7	Oct. 18, 1946	T,Ng	Irr	Altitude of land surface 2,861 ft.
*F-22	Charles Stone	Ed Jones	1945	250	10	14.4 13.6	Oct. 18, 1946 Mar. 6, 1948	T,Ng	Irr	See log.
*F-26	Harrison Dyche	Carmine Drilling Co.	1947	260	14	38.5 39.9 62.0	Apr. 14, 1947 Mar. 14, 1950 Apr. 4, 1956	T,E	Irr	Cased to 240 ft.
F-46	Roots Estate	-- Anderson	1933	1,416	10, 8 1/2	--	--	None	N	Oil test. See log.
F-52	City of Fort Stockton	--	1927	175	6	51.4 49.4 50.8	Oct. 21, 1946 Aug. 11, 1949 Dec. 13, 1949	T,E	P	Cased to 160 ft. Reported yield 450 gpm in January 1956.
*F-53	do	Art Powell	1938	193	13	--	--	T,E	P	Cased to 161 ft. Reported yield 1,425 gpm in January 1956. Temp. 77°F.
F-54	do	R. A. Cleveland	1946	203	12	51.8 51.6	Oct. 21, 1946 Aug. 10, 1949	T,E	P	Cased to 161 ft. Reported yield 1,200 gpm in January 1956.
F-55	do	--	--	190	--	--	--	T,E	P	Reported yield 500 gpm in January 1956. Temp. 77°F.
*F-57	M. R. Gonzales	R. A. Cleveland	1945	235	8	b/29.8 35.1	Apr. 10, 1947 Dec. 6, 1955	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 46 ft. Altitude of land surface 2,972 ft. Observation well. Temp. 74°F.
*F-58	Pecos County Water Control & Improvement District No. 1	--	--	Spring	--	--	--	Flows	--	Comanche Springs. See table 8.
*F-62	Page Carson	-- Shoemaker	1947	1,547	6	+ 3.6	June 23, 1947 Apr. 9, 1956	T,G	S	Cased to 1,305 ft. Temp. 82°F. See log.
*F-63	Lem Smith	C. L. Garrett	1943	350	16, 10	b/97.4 87.2	Oct. 30, 1946 Jan. 19, 1955	T,B	Irr	Cased to 245 ft. Observation well. Temp. 75°F.

Table 5.- Records of wells and springs in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County--Continued

Well	Owner	Driller	Date completed	Depth of well (ft.)	Diameter of well (in.)	Water level		Method of lift	Use of water	Remarks
						Below land-surface datum (ft.)	Date of measurement			
F-65	The University of Texas	Jamison & Pollard	1942	2,968	12½, 8¼	--	--	None	N	Oil test. Reported altitude of land surface 3,087 ft. See log.
F-68	Chandler Co.	Lockhart & Co.	--	3,306	--	--	--	None	N	Oil test. Altitude of land surface 2,977 ft. See log.
F-71	McKinney & Ivey	--	1915	176	6	b/118.2 168.4	June 15, 1942 Apr. 3, 1956	None	N	Observation well. Temp. 76°F.
F-75	Dow Puckett	Helmerich & Payne	1938	3,502	--	--	--	None	N	Oil test. Reported altitude of land surface 3,185 ft. See log.
*F-101	Ernest Riggs	Paul Tees	1952	1,435	8	+	Apr. 7, 1956	Flows	N	Reported yield 350 gpm. To be acidized and used for irrigation if yield increases. Cased to 1,400 ft. Temp. 75°F.
*F-102	Mrs. B. Downs	The Texas Co.	1947	2,997	10¼	+	Jan. 5, 1948 Apr. 7, 1956	Flows	N	Casing: 10¼-in. to 445 ft., 7-in. to 2,860 ft. Oil test. Reported altitude of land surface 2,331 ft. Reported yield 1,700 to 2,000 gpm. Temp. 76°F. See log.
F-103	Lester Griffith	Lawrence Ryan	1950	240	12	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 25 ft. Reported 400 gpm well.
F-104	C. E. Oswalt	Luther Gray	1955	225	12	32.6	Apr. 4, 1956	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 192 ft.
F-105	Elbert Boatman	Roy Johnson	1954	492	12¼	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 145 ft.
F-106	T. W. Hillin	J. E. Dye	1940	250	10	14.8	Apr. 3, 1949	C,W	S	Turbine pump removed in 1955. Temp. 67°F.
F-107	C. A. Criswell	R. A. Cleveland	1953	300	10	45.0	Apr. 4, 1956	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 175 ft.
F-108	C. M. Dees	do	1951	160	16	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 101 ft.
F-109	E. Sullivan	Gulf Oil Corp.	1954	630	14	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 14 ft. Drilled as oil test. Reamed to 300 ft. See log.
F-110	Clyde Wilson	C. Stone	1950	158	--	23.0 39.2	Mar. 19, 1951 Apr. 5, 1956	T,Ng	Irr	
F-111	H. E. Taylor	R. A. Cleveland	1955	200	12	a/43.0	Jan. 1956	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 10 ft. See log.
*F-112	Clyde Wilson	Bishop Smith	1948	215	12	23.1	Nov. 23, 1949	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 10 ft.
F-113	E. A. Robertson	do	1948	200	14	37.6	Apr. 6, 1956	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 15 ft.
F-114	Charles Stone	John Lancaster	1942	220	8	19.0 a/45.0	June 15, 1949 Apr. 1956	T,Ng	Irr	
F-115	do	P. Weddle	1952	234	12	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 180 ft.

Table 5.- Records of wells and springs in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County--Continued

Well	Owner	Driller	Date completed	Depth of well (ft.)	Diameter of well (in.)	Water level		Method of lift	Use of water	Remarks
						Below land-surface datum (ft.)	Date of measurement			
F-116	M. E. Fincher	R. A. Cleveland	1954	270	14	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 10 ft.
F-117	do	-- Taylor	1951	270	14	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	Do.
F-118	do	do	1952	270	14	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	Do.
*F-119	Lee O. White	Lee O. White	1951	1,800	7	+	Apr 6, 1956	Flows	Irr	Plugged back to 1,480 ft. Reported flowing on Apr. 6, 1956 at 150 gpm. Temp. 75°F.
F-120	Mrs. E. Nevans	P. Weddle	1951	300	14	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 10 ft.
F-121	C. E. Barker	J. Parker	1955	310	18	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 12 ft.
F-122	Wm. Hoefs	do	1955	300	16	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 20 ft.
F-123	do	do	1955	300	16	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	Do.
*F-124	C. E. McIntyre	--	1953	386	16	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	Do.
F-125	L. D. Guthrie	R. A. Cleveland	1952	225	--	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	Weak supply.
F-126	V. E. Danielson	do	1954	240	16	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 21 ft.
F-127	O. W. Adams	do	1950	300	16	56.3	Dec. 12, 1951	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 18 ft.
*F-128	do	do	1947	300	--	26.5	May 18, 1949	T,Ng	Irr	Temp. 68°F.
F-129	D. V. Rowles	E. James	1951	300	18	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 15 ft.
F-130	Mrs. B. F. Webb	--	1944	220	7	b/41.4 55.3	Mar. 15, 1950 Dec. 7, 1955	C,W	D,S	Cased to 108 ft. Observation well.
F-131	--	Quinby Oil Co.	1922	3,333	--	--	--	None	N	Oil test. No. 1 Townsite. Altitude of land surface 2,956 ft. See log.
F-132	The Texas Co.	--	1947	240	5 1/2	b/103.0 102.7	June 28, 1949 Dec. 6, 1955	None	N	Cased to 185 ft. Altitude of land surface 3,035 ft. Observation well.
F-133	C. W. Williams	E. R. Minshall	--	3,005	10 3/8	--	--	None	N	Oil test. No. 1 Banker. Altitude of land surface 3,090 ft. See log.
F-134	do	--	--	3,278	--	--	--	None	N	Oil test. Reported altitude of land surface 3,205 ft. See log.
F-135	do	--	1938	2,984	--	--	--	None	N	Oil test. See log.
F-136	City of Fort Stockton	P. Jones	1956	414	18	--	--	--	P	Cased to 190 ft. Well to be pumped in May 1956. See log.

Table 5.- Records of wells and springs in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County--Continued

Well	Owner	Driller	Date completed	Depth of well (ft.)	Diameter of well (in.)	Water level		Method of lift	Use of water	Remarks
						Below land-surface datum (ft.)	Date of measurement			
F-137	City of Fort Stockton	P. Jones	1955	345	16, 10	a/60.0	Jan. 1956	T,E	P	Cased to 340 ft. See log.
F-138	State Highway Department	Rex Hood	1931	220	5	b/54.3 51.9	Oct. 5, 1949 Dec. 7, 1955	None	N	Cased to 220 ft. Observation well.
F-139	N. M. Mitchell	P. Weddle	1951	310	14	35.3	Mar. 22, 1951	T,E	Irr	Cased to 30 ft. See log.
*F-140	do	Lister & Hollis	1948	255	12	--	--	T,E	Irr	Cased to 145 ft. Altitude of land surface 2,923 ft. Temp. 68°F.
F-141	do	P. Weddle	1952	300	15	--	--	T,E	Irr	Cased to 20 ft. Temp. 65°F.
F-142	Francis Sheen	R. A. Cleveland	1951	200	--	64.7	Nov. 26, 1951	T,Ng	Irr	
*F-143	B. E. Mitchell	E. James	1948	255	16	15.6	Apr. 21, 1949	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 105 ft. Altitude of land surface 2,907 ft.
*F-144	J. S. Oates	do	1948	259	16	27.0	Sept. 23, 1948	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 100 ft. Temp. 69°F. See log.
F-145	do	R. A. Cleveland	1955	160	12	a/85.0	Apr. 1956	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 120 ft.
F-146	L. H. Whitacre	do	1956	280	12	a/60	Apr. 1956	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to bottom.
F-147	Jones Taylor	do	1955	420	16	a/50	Apr. 1956	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 20 ft.
F-148	do	--	1953	300	14	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 15 ft.
F-149	Burney Ligon	Rex Road	1932	289	5	b/83.4 94.3	June 11, 1950 Dec. 5, 1955	C,W	S	Cased to 173 ft. Observation well.
F-150	--	--	--	3,260	--	--	--	None	N	Oil test. Smith No. 1. Altitude of land surface 2,978 ft. See log.
F-151	Burney Ligon	--	1950	250	12	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 10 ft.
F-152	do	E. James	1947	142	8	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	Cased to 100 ft. Altitude of land surface 2,934 ft. See log.
F-153	B. Hilger	--	1940	63	--	b/51.3 62.6	June 21, 1949 Dec. 7, 1955	C,W	S	Observation well.
F-154	City of Fort Stockton	--	1940	227	--	b/117.0 127.8	Jan. 17, 1950 Dec. 7, 1955	C,-	Irr	Cemetery well. Observation well. Temp. 70°F.
F-155	--	--	--	2,504	--	--	--	None	N	Oil test. Williams-Shumaker well. See log.
F-156	M. R. Gonzales	R. A. Cleveland	1949	240	15	b/41.2 43.6	Mar. 21, 1949 Dec. 6, 1955	None	N	Insufficient supply. Observation well. See log.

Table 5.- Records of wells and springs in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County--Continued

Well	Owner	Driller	Date completed	Depth of well (ft.)	Diameter of well (in.)	Water level		Method of lift	Use of water	Remarks
						Flow land-surface datum (ft.)	Date of measurement			
F-157	Page Carson	P. Jones	1954	210	16	--	--	T,B	Irr	Insufficient supply.
F-158	S. C. Park	Richardson Bros.	1955	210	16	91.4	Dec. 19, 1955	T,B	Irr	Cased to 30 ft. Measured yield 1,030 gpm on Mar. 29, 1956. Temp. 76°F. See log.
F-159	do	A. N. Yocke	1955	200	16	--	--	T,B	Irr	Cased to 160 ft. Temp. 77°F. See log.
F-160	H. S. Whittenburg	Joe Gray	1955	401	8	--	--	None	N	Abandoned. Insufficient supply. See log.
F-161	do	--	1952	342	14 1/2	b/99.7 96.9	Dec. 8, 1952 May 4, 1956	None	N	Cased to 120 ft. Observation well.
F-162	McKinney & Ivey	--	--	--	--	109.7 134.1	Dec. 16, 1955 Mar. 21, 1956	T,B	Irr	
F-163	do	--	--	--	--	112.4	Dec. 16, 1955	T,B	Irr	Measured yield 1,166 gpm, Mar. 29, 1956.
F-164	do	--	--	--	--	143.1 154.9	Dec. 16, 1955 Mar. 21, 1956	T,B	Irr	
F-165	do	A. N. Yocke	1956	--	16	--	--	T,Ng	Irr	
F-166	do	--	--	--	--	--	--	T,B	Irr	Measured yield 744 gpm, Mar. 29, 1956. Temp. 75°F.
*F-167	A. F. Buchanan	Henry Parker	1955	363	16	158.5	Dec. 15, 1955	T,B	Irr	Cased to 280 ft. Measured yield 1,171 gpm, Mar. 30, 1956. Temp. 69°F.
J-1	Elsinore Cattle Co.	Aldrich & Stroud	1956	698	--	a/240.0	Apr. 1956	T,B	Irr	Reported water in brown sand from 605 to 698 ft.
*J-2	Graef Bros.	E. James	1955	450	--	a/289	Dec. 1955	T,B	Irr	Cased to 400 ft. Temp. 77°F. See log.
*J-3	Dave McGill	Royce Hammline	1956	201	--	--	--	None	--	Reported to yield 950 gpm with pumping level at 35.1 ft. Reported 421 ft of alluvium. Water sample taken at a depth of 201 ft. Temp. 71°F. See log.

a/ Reported by owner or driller.

b/ See table of water level measurements.

* See table of chemical analyses.

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County County, Tex.

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Well E-16--partial log					
Owner: Southwestern Life Insurance Co. Driller: Buell-Hagen.					
Lime, white, hard -----	70	70	Anhydrite and shale,		
Gumbo, dark -----	20	90	light -----	33	1,658
Limestone -----	50	140	Shale -----	17	1,675
Gumbo -----	70	210	Rock, red -----	10	1,685
Sand, water -----	5	215	Sand, water -----	20	1,705
Shale -----	35	250	Anhydrite -----	5	1,710
Sand, water -----	10	260	Sand, water -----	55	1,765
Gumbo -----	15	275	Shale, light -----	20	1,785
Sand, hole full of water ---	10	285	Sand, shale, light -----	30	1,815
Limestone -----	35	320	Shale, light -----	10	1,825
Shale -----	30	350	Anhydrite -----	15	1,840
Limestone -----	20	370	Shale -----	5	1,845
Sand -----	10	380	Anhydrite -----	35	1,880
Shale -----	10	390	Shale -----	5	1,885
Sand and pyrite -----	5	395	Anhydrite -----	45	1,930
Sand, hole full of water ---	77	472	Salt -----	5	1,935
Shale -----	18	490	Shale, light and anhy-		
Sand -----	50	540	drite -----	80	2,015
Shale -----	10	550	Shale -----	10	2,025
Sand -----	5	555	Anhydrite -----	20	2,045
Shale -----	27	582	Shale, light -----	60	2,105
Shale, light -----	13	595	Anhydrite -----	45	2,150
Shale -----	18	613	Shale, light -----	135	2,285
Shale, light -----	7	620	Shale, light and anhy-		
Sand, red -----	10	630	drite -----	35	2,320
Sand and lime -----	40	670	Sand, show of gas 2,325		
Sand -----	10	680	feet, and oil at 2,335		
Shale -----	40	720	feet -----	20	2,340
Mud, red -----	35	755	Shale, light and anhy-		
Shale, hole full of water --	30	785	drite -----	35	2,375
Shale, red -----	290	1,075	Anhydrite -----	155	2,530
Shale -----	15	1,090	Shale, light and anhy-		
Shale, red -----	10	1,100	drite -----	25	2,555
Shale -----	10	1,110	Anhydrite -----	165	2,720
Shale, red -----	15	1,125	Shale, light oil show --	70	2,790
Sand, red -----	15	1,140	Sand, sulfur water at		
Sand, (Sulfur gas) -----	40	1,180	2,795 -----	25	2,815
Rock, red, (Sulfur gas) ---	295	1,475	Shale, light -----	5	2,820
Anhydrite -----	75	1,550	Lime, hole full of sul-		
Sand, hole full of water --	5	1,555	fur water -----	15	2,835
Sand and limestone -----	35	1,590	Sand, hole full of sul-		
Shale, light -----	35	1,625	fur water -----	10	2,845

(continued on next page)

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)	
Well E-16--partial log--continued							
Lime -----	10	2,855	Lime -----	12	2,907		
Sand, hole full of water ---	5	2,860	Total depth -----		2,933		
Lime -----	30	2,890					
Lime, broken, sulfur water -	5	2,895					
Well E-18							
Owner: Chandler Co. Driller: Honolulu Oil & Refining Co., et. al.							
Lime -----	52	52	Lime, sandy -----	10	635		
Shale, blue -----	133	185	Shale, red sandy -----	5	640		
Gravel -----	5	190	Redbeds, sandy -----	25	665		
Shale, blue -----	10	200	Shale, light -----	25	690		
Lime, water -----	10	210	Shale, red -----	55	745		
Shale -----	10	220	Sand, gray -----	7	752		
Lime -----	15	235	Shale, red -----	26	778		
Shale -----	20	255	Shale, gray sandy -----	2	780		
Shale, blue -----	20	275	Shale, sandy red -----	40	820		
Shale, white sandy -----	35	310	Shale, red -----	21	841		
Sand, yellow, water -----	45	355	Mud, red -----	14	855		
Sand, white -----	30	385	Redbeds -----	10	865		
Shale -----	5	390	Shale, red sandy -----	40	905		
Sand, shells -----	20	410	Shale, red -----	55	960		
Sand, yellow -----	40	450	Redbeds -----	60	1,020		
Sand, lighter yellow -----	5	455	Shale, red -----	110	1,130		
Shale -----	10	465	Sand, red -----	10	1,140		
Shale, blue -----	5	470	Shale, red sandy hard ---	40	1,180		
Rock, red -----	4	474	Shale, red -----	125	1,305		
Shale, red -----	13	487	Shale, blue -----	70	1,375		
Shell, lime -----	2	489	Anhydrite, sand and				
Shale, white -----	11	500	gypsum -----	49	1,424		
Shale, blue -----	4	504	Shale, red -----	11	1,435		
Shell, lime -----	4	508	Anhydrite -----	47	1,482		
Shale, white -----	7	515	Lime, sandy, sulfur water	50	1,532		
Shale, light -----	27	542	Lime, gray sandy -----	35	1,567		
Sand -----	23	565	Lime, gray, hard -----	25	1,592		
Shale, red (sandy) -----	7	572	Lime, gray -----	3	1,595		
Sand (shaley) -----	13	585	Shale, blue -----	12	1,607		
Rock, red -----	40	625	Shale, red -----	4	1,611		
(continued on next page)							

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)	
Well E-18--continued							
Lime -----	9	1,620	Lime and anhydrite ----	18	2,641		
Gypsum, rock -----	17	1,637	Anhydrite -----	11	2,652		
Lime, sandy -----	3	1,640	Lime, brown -----	18	2,670		
Sand, soft -----	13	1,653	Lime and anhydrite ----	10	2,680		
Lime and anhydrite ----	5	1,658	Lime -----	12	2,692		
Lime and anhydrite, hard ---	33	1,691	Anhydrite -----	7	2,699		
Sand, water -----	8	1,699	Lime, brown -----	8	2,707		
Sand, hard -----	6	1,705	Lime and anhydrite ----	33	2,740		
Lime, hard gray sandy -----	52	1,757	Lime, brown -----	48	2,788		
Lime, gray -----	8	1,765	Lime, gray -----	11	2,799		
Shale and anhydrite ----	13	1,778	Lime, brown, oil showing	7	2,806		
Anhydrite -----	12	1,790	Lime, gray -----	19	2,825		
Lime, brown -----	10	1,800	Lime, brown -----	6	2,831		
Anhydrite -----	58	1,858	Lime, gray -----	3	2,834		
Lime, brown -----	8	1,866	Lime, brown -----	36	2,870		
Gypsum -----	9	1,875	Lime, gray -----	4	2,874		
Lime and anhydrite ----	5	1,880	Lime, brown -----	25	2,899		
Anhydrite -----	40	1,920	Lime, gray -----	17	2,916		
Lime and anhydrite ----	8	1,928	Lime, gray light -----	7	2,923		
Anhydrite, gas at 2,005 feet	297	2,225	Lime, gray -----	15	2,938		
Lime and anhydrite ----	12	2,237	Lime, brown -----	6	2,944		
Anhydrite -----	86	2,323	Lime, gray -----	17	2,961		
Lime, brown -----	9	2,332	Lime, brown -----	21	2,982		
Anhydrite -----	250	2,582	Lime, gray -----	55	3,037		
Lime, brown -----	21	2,603	Lime, sandy -----	12	3,049		
Anhydrite -----	20	2,623	Lime, gray -----	47	3,096		
Well E-30							
Owner: Chandler Co. Driller: Schkade and Reynolds.							
Clay -----	40	40	Lime, broken yellow ----	49	299		
Gumbo and shale -----	40	80	Shale, yellow -----	11	310		
Gumbo -----	10	90	Lime -----	4	314		
Clay -----	50	140	Shale, blue -----	40	354		
Caliche, water -----	97	237	Lime, hard -----	3	357		
Gumbo -----	6	243	Shale and lime shells --	5	362		
Clay -----	7	250	Shale, blue -----	8	370		
(continued on next page)							

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Well E-30--continued					
Lime -----	5	375	Shale, sandy and yellow		
Shale -----	2	377	shells -----	9	760
Lime -----	5	382	Sand, hard -----	10	770
Shale, black -----	8	390	Shale, yellow sandy and		
Lime and shale -----	20	410	shells -----	10	780
Lime -----	10	420	Sand, red and shells ---	13	793
Shale, blue -----	12	432	Shale, red -----	37	830
Lime -----	2	434	Shale, gray -----	67	897
Shale, blue -----	18	452	Lime, sandy -----	13	910
Shale and lime shells -----	8	460	Rock, red -----	10	920
Lime, blue -----	3	463	Shale, red-----	5	925
Shale, yellow -----	2	465	Shale, sandy -----	10	935
Lime -----	10	475	Rock, red -----	7	942
Lime, broken -----	10	485	Sand, hard -----	18	960
Lime, yellow hard -----	19	504	Shale, gray sandy -----	32	992
Lime, gray -----	11	515	Sand, hard -----	6	998
Lime, blue -----	6	521	Shale, sandy -----	9	1,007
Shale, yellow -----	12	533	Rock, red -----	12	1,019
Lime, yellow -----	8	541	Shale, red sandy -----	44	1,063
Lime, blue -----	3	544	Rock, red -----	14	1,077
Lime, gray -----	2	546	Shale, red sandy -----	16	1,093
Lime, yellow -----	1	547	Rock, red -----	5	1,098
Lime, gray -----	2	549	Shale, sandy -----	12	1,110
Lime, gray sandy -----	5	554	Rock, red -----	6	1,116
Lime, yellow -----	25	579	Redbeds -----	8	1,124
Sand, water -----	6	585	Sand, hard -----	7	1,131
Sand, water and shells -----	35	620	Shale, red -----	18	1,149
Shell, sand and shale -----	10	630	Redbeds -----	72	1,221
Sand, hard -----	45	675	Rock, red -----	54	1,275
Lime, blue sandy -----	5	680	Shale, blue -----	20	1,295
Sand, hard -----	6	686	Shale, sandy blue -----	11	1,306
Shale, sticky -----	2	688	Shale, blue -----	32	1,338
Sand, hard -----	7	695	Shale, black -----	1	1,339
Sand, hard and shale -----	8	703	Sand, hard -----	1	1,340
Rock, red -----	7	710	Rock, red -----	2	1,342
Sand, hard -----	8	718	Sand, hard and shale ---	8	1,350
Rock, red -----	8	726	Shale, broken -----	30	1,380
Sand, hard -----	4	730	Shale, blue and shells -	10	1,390
Rock, red -----	10	740	Shale, blue -----	40	1,430
Sand, hard -----	8	748	Shale, sticky -----	2	1,432
Lime, gray -----	3	751	Shale, blue and shells -	4	1,436

(continued on next page)

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Well E-30--continued					
Sand, hard and gypsum -----	5	1,441	Sand, medium soft -----	10	1,580
Shale, broken sandy and shells -----	21	1,462	Lime, broken and red rock -----	15	1,595
Shale, hard sand and shells	6	1,468	Shale, blue, sticky ----	67	1,662
Shale, sandy -----	14	1,482	Lime, broken and gypsum	6	1,668
Shale, blue -----	10	1,492	Shale, blue and lime shells -----	27	1,695
Lime, sandy and shells ----	18	1,510	Sand, hard and broken lime -----	32	1,727
Lime, broken -----	2	1,512	Sand, hard and lime ----	24	1,751
Rock, red -----	4	1,516	Lime -----	5	1,756
Shale, hard sand and shells	12	1,528	(Sulfur water 1,680 to 1,756 feet)		
Sand, hard and shell -----	4	1,532			
Lime, broken -----	14	1,546			
Sand, hard and lime -----	7	1,553			
Shale and shells -----	17	1,570			
Well E-31					
Owner: Mrs. C. L. Thompson. Driller: Humble Oil & Refining Co.					
Soil -----	5	5	Shale, brown -----	10	415
Clay and lime shells -----	20	25	Shale, gray -----	28	443
Clay, yellow -----	30	55	Rock, red -----	17	460
Lime, blue -----	10	65	Shale, blue and shells -	10	470
Mud, blue -----	10	75	Redbeds -----	30	500
Lime, white -----	5	80	Shale, blue -----	20	520
Crevice -----	4	84	Sand, red shale -----	5	525
Mud -----	26	110	Shale, sandy -----	10	535
Lime -----	5	115	Redbeds, broken -----	25	560
Lime, blue -----	15	130	Redbeds -----	10	570
Lime -----	25	155	Shale, blue -----	25	595
Clay, yellow -----	5	160	Redbeds, sandy -----	30	625
Sand, water -----	15	175	Redbeds -----	25	650
Lime -----	10	185	Sand, red -----	10	660
Sand -----	68	253	Redbeds, sandy -----	36	696
Redbeds -----	24	277	Redbeds and lime shells -	29	725
Lime, brown and anhydrite --	13	290	Redbeds -----	73	798
Redbeds -----	30	320	Anhydrite -----	17	815
Shale, red, and shells ----	22	342	Anhydrite, broken -----	170	985
Shale, gray -----	63	405	Anhydrite -----	182	1,167

(continued on next page)

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Well E-56--continued					
Mud, yellow -----	10	340	Lime and shale -----	12	1,862
Sand, yellow, little water			Lime -----	48	1,910
at 350 feet -----	40	380	Lime, soft -----	40	1,950
Lime, gray, sandy -----	30	410	Lime and anhydrite -----	5	1,955
Lime -----	10	420	Lime -----	50	2,005
Sand, hard, sharp -----	15	435	Lime, sandy, sand, water	30	2,035
Sand, water -----	20	455	Lime -----	378	2,413
Shale, gray -----	10	465	Sand -----	11	2,424
Redbeds -----	25	490	Lime and shale -----	12	2,436
Lime, gray-----	10	500	Shale, blue -----	4	2,440
Sand, water -----	10	510	Sand, gray -----	25	2,465
Shale, red -----	5	515	Lime and anhydrite -----	15	2,480
Sand, red, hole full of			Lime -----	15	2,495
water -----	5	520	Shale, lime, and sand --	16	2,511
Lime, brown, sandy -----	20	540	Shale, sandy -----	10	2,521
Rock, gypsum -----	20	560	Lime, gray -----	75	2,596
Shale, gray -----	20	580	Lime, dark gray -----	49	2,645
Rock, red -----	10	590	Lime, soft gray, sandy,		
Shale, gray -----	260	850	water -----	5	2,650
Rock, gypsum -----	5	855	Lime, gray -----	227	2,877
Lime and shale, a little gas	5	860	Shale, black -----	13	2,890
Lime, hard -----	15	875	Sand, water -----	16	2,906
Lime, gray, gypsum and shale	30	905	Lime, gray -----	24	2,930
Lime, gray, show of gas ----	5	910	Lime, sandy, gray -----	6	2,936
Lime, gray -----	15	925	Sand, water -----	20	2,956
Shale, blue -----	35	960	Lime and shale -----	37	2,993
Shale, red -----	115	1,075	Lime, gray -----	33	3,026
Shale, red, sandy -----	70	1,145	Lime -----	26	3,052
Shale, red -----	87	1,232	Lime, white -----	93	3,145
Shale, red, sandy -----	63	1,295	Lime, gray -----	101	3,246
Shale, sandy, blue -----	100	1,395	Anhydrite -----	10	3,256
Sand, water -----	70	1,465	Anhydrite and lime -----	10	3,266
Sand, water -----	5	1,470	Lime -----	177	3,443
Lime, dark, hard -----	25	1,495	Lime, very fine -----	3	3,446
Lime, hard -----	50	1,545	Lime -----	14	3,460
Lime, gray -----	140	1,685	Lime, very hard -----	14	3,474
Lime, brown -----	65	1,750	Lime, gray and hard ----	11	3,485
Shale, brown, and lime -----	15	1,765	Lime -----	20	3,505
Shale, blue -----	7	1,772	Lime, brown -----	35	3,540
Shale and lime -----	8	1,780	Lime -----	20	3,560
Lime -----	70	1,850	Lime, darker -----	25	3,585
			Lime, show of oil and gas	12	3,597
			Total depth -----		3,925

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)	
Well E-64							
Owner: Raymond Tyler. Driller: Henry Parker.							
Soil and caliche, lime shells -----	90	90	Sand, yellow, water ----	7	484		
Lime, yellow -----	61	151	Lime, sandy, hard -----	12	496		
Crevice, water (water exhausted) -----	4	155	Conglomerate -----	3	499		
Lime, yellow -----	100	255	Shale, blue (water level 102 ft) -----	8	507		
Lime, yellow, water estimated at 150 gpm -----	2	257	Lime, blue -----	18	525		
Shale, dark gray -----	16	273	Sand, hard -----	13	538		
Lime, shaley, yellow -----	30	303	Sand, soft -----	12	550		
Shale, gray -----	63	366	Shale, white -----	8	558		
Shale, gray, and lime shells	9	375	Sand, soft -----	5	563		
Gumbo, gray -----	13	388	Shale, white -----	14	577		
Lime, shaley, gray -----	7	395	Sand, soft -----	24	601		
Gumbo, dark gray -----	24	419	Shale, white -----	9	610		
Lime shells, gray and shale	11	430	Sand, medium, white ----	16	626		
Conglomerate, hard -----	23	453	Shale, white -----	6	632		
Lime, gray -----	24	477	Sand, hard -----	4	636		
			Shale, blue -----	5	641		
Well E-68--partial log							
Owner: Lillian Rudicil. Driller: The Texas Co.							
Fredericksburg limestone and little sandstone -----	250	250	Dolomite, little anhydrite and sandstone --	250	1,700		
Top of Trinity sandstone, clear, coarse to very coarse -----	110	360	Anhydrite with little dolomite and sandstone scattered -----	720	2,420		
Top of Triassic, sandstone fine, red, micaceous with little red shale -----	270	630	Dolomite with anhydrite decreasing steadily from 75-10 percent ---	130	2,550		
Top of Permian, sandstone, fine, red with small amount scattered red shale and gypsum -----	720	1,350	Top Yates by spls -----		2,550		
Top of Rustler, anhydrite -	60	1,410	Total depth -----		3,122		
Sandstone, gray, white fine; 75-10 percent anhydrite decreasing from 1410-1450 ft. -----	40	1,450					

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)	
Well E-75							
Owner: Chandler Co. Driller: --.							
Soil -----	3	3	Shale, broken green and				
Caliche -----	17	20	redbeds -----	5	640		
Shale, blue -----	91	111	Redbeds -----	10	650		
Lime, gray -----	70	181	Sand, red -----	11	661		
Sand, gray -----	5	186	Sand, gray -----	14	675		
Sand, yellow -----	97	283	Redbeds -----	263	938		
Sand, gray -----	14	297	Sand, gravel and redbeds	22	960		
Sand, gray and green shale -	9	306	Sand, red broken -----	142	1,102		
Shale, red -----	14	320	Redbeds, green shale and				
Shale, brown sandy -----	18	338	anhydrite and gypsum -	84	1,186		
Shale, pink -----	1	339	Sand, gray -----	4	1,190		
Shale, red -----	11	350	Shale, blue -----	50	1,240		
Sand, gray -----	12	362	Shale, gray -----	20	1,260		
Shale, pink -----	47	409	Sand, gray -----	19	1,279		
Shale, gray -----	14	423	Lime, gray -----	7	1,286		
Shale, pink -----	7	430	Shale, blue -----	27	1,313		
Shale, gray -----	19	449	Anhydrite -----	3	1,316		
Redbeds -----	20	469	Shale, blue and anhydrite	112	1,428		
Lime, gray -----	17	486	Lime, brown -----	12	1,440		
Shale, gray -----	2	488	Lime, sandy -----	2	1,442		
Shale, brown -----	6	494	Lime -----	15	1,457		
Sand, brown -----	11	505	Lime, sandy -----	63	1,520		
Shale, broken blue -----	3	508	Lime, brown -----	6	1,526		
Redbeds -----	13	521	Lime, gray -----	16	1,542		
Sand, red -----	16	537	Redbeds -----	2	1,544		
Shale, broken gray and red			Lime, gray and water sand	13	1,557		
sand -----	11	548	Lime, gray -----	6	1,563		
Sand, red -----	19	567	Sand, broken gray, blue				
Sand, red broken and gypsum	3	570	shale, redbeds -----	7	1,570		
Sand, red -----	35	605	Lime, gray -----	30	1,600		
Shale, green -----	5	610					
Redbed -----	25	635					

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)	
Well E-76							
Owner: Carl Cocheran. Driller: R. A. Cleveland.							
Soil -----	5	5	Crevice, water rose to				
Caliche -----	25	30	within 56 feet of				
Gravel and caliche -----	12	42	surface -----	3	133		
Clay with shell lime -----	13	55	Lime, hard -----	2	135		
Brown, light to tan, yellow			Crevice -----	6	141		
green -----	5	60	Lime, shell, fossils ---	1	142		
Lime, very hard -----	6	66	Crevice -----	6	148		
Shale, blue -----	39	105	Lime (no returns) -----	2	150		
Lime, shell and shale -----	13	118	Crevice -----	10	160		
Lime, hard gray -----	12	130					
Well E-77							
Owner: M. C. Slaton. Driller: R. A. Cleveland.							
Soil -----	4	4	Unknown -----	8	155		
Caliche -----	14	18	Lime and shale, soft ---	14	169		
Gravel, water at 43 feet ---	27	45	Crevice, water level				
Lime, white, increase in			dropped from 40 to 52				
water -----	3	48	feet of surface -----	5	174		
Clay, yellow, soft -----	15	63	Lime -----	1	175		
Mud, brown -----	9	72					
Shale, blue -----	43	115					
Lime, hard, blue, shale							
streaks -----	32	147					
Well E-79							
Owner: Bill Sage. Driller: -- McMahon.							
Soil -----	5	5	Shale, blue -----	31	92		
Shale, yellow or mud -----	25	30	Lime, gray -----	6	98		
Gravel -----	5	35	Shale, blue -----	4	102		
Shale, yellow -----	20	55	Lime, gray, water at 128-				
No record -----	3	58	134 feet -----	53	155		
Lime, shell, blue -----	3	61	Lime, yellow -----	10	165		

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)	
Well E-80							
Owner: McKinney & Ivey. Driller: Bill Tipton.							
Soil -----	3	3	Crevice, water -----	1	159		
Caliche -----	3	6	Formation, soft -----	1	160		
Rock, white yellow -----	6	12	Rock, yellow -----	10	170		
Clay, yellow -----	62	74	Lime, gray -----	18	188		
Shale, blue -----	8	82	Shale, blue -----	2	190		
Limestone, gray -----	8	90	Water level 67 feet be-				
Shale, blue -----	39	129	low surface -----				
Limestone, gray -----	29	158					
Well E-84							
Owner: Chandler Co. Driller: Joe Cannon.							
Clay and shale -----	56	56	Redbed and shale -----	98	1,128		
Shale and shells -----	86	142	Sand, hard -----	66	1,194		
Sand and gravel -----	194	336	Red rock -----	106	1,300		
Shale and lime shells -----	294	630	Shells -----	128	1,428		
Shale -----	74	704	Sand, hard -----	52	1,480		
Sand, hard -----	46	750	Shale and shells -----	48	1,528		
Sand and shells -----	64	814	Lime -----	102	1,630		
Redbed and rock -----	72	886	Lime, broken with streaks				
Shale and broken lime -----	59	945	of redbed -----	52	1,682		
Redbed -----	37	982	Lime (3 ft cavity at				
Redbed and hard lime shells	48	1,030	1804 ft). Strong water	130	1,812		
Well E-85							
Owner: Mrs. C. L. Thompson. Driller: Humble Oil & Refining Co.							
Soil -----	15	15	Limestone, cream, yellow,				
Clay, yellow -----	30	45	and gray -----	20	100		
Sand, hard -----	20	65	Limestone, gray and yel-				
Limestone, cream to yellow -	10	75	low with a trace of				
Limestone, yellow and gray			chert -----	10	110		
marly -----	5	80	Limestone, earthy, gray	8	118		

(continued on next page)

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)	
Well E-85--continued							
Limestone, earthy, gray, 80 percent and gray clay 20 percent -----	47	165	Clay, dark gray -----	25	310		
Limestone, gray 60 percent and dark gray clay 40 percent -----	10	175	Clay, dark gray, silty -	10	320		
Limestone, gray 60 percent dark gray shale 20 percent and dark gray clay, 20 percent -----	10	185	Limestone, gray, shaley	10	330		
Limestone, yellow -----	10	195	Limestone, gray, 40 per- cent and gray sandstone 30 percent, and gray shale 30 percent -----	30	360		
Limestone, cream to light gray -----	30	225	Clay, gray 80 percent and gray limestone 20 per- cent -----	5	365		
Dolomite, cream to earthy gray -----	10	235	Limestone, gray 80 percent and gray shale, 20 per- cent -----	22	387		
Dolomite, cream to earthy gray 80 percent and clay, 20 percent -----	5	240	Limestone, gray and yellow -----	5	392		
Limestone, cream to earthy gray -----	3	243	Limestone, yellow, 80 percent, and black shale, 20 percent ----	8	400		
Limestone, light gray -----	12	255	Limestone, yellow -----	3	403		
Clay, dark gray -----	20	275	Limestone, yellow and gray -----	7	410		
Limestone gray, 80 percent and dark gray clay, 20 percent -----	5	280	Limestone, yellow, 70 percent and black shale, 30 percent ----	5	415		
Limestone, gray, 70 percent and dark gray clay, 30 percent -----	5	285	Limestone, yellow -----	6	421		
			Limestone, cream and yellow -----	4	425		
			Limestone, grayish cream to yellow -----	4	429		

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)	
Well E-90							
Owner: Wesley Whitman. Driller: E. J. McMillan.							
Soil -----	5	5	Shale, black -----	4	224		
Caliche and gravel -----	70	75	Sand and sandy lime ----	6	230		
Shale, black -----	15	90	Shale, black and white				
Lime -----	24	114	lime -----	9	239		
Crevice, lost drilling			Sand and lime -----	4	243		
water -----	4	118	Shale, sandy, black ----	4	247		
Lime, gray -----	24	142	Sand and lime -----	8	255		
Lime, white -----	44	186	Sand -----	21	276		
Shale, sandy, yellow -----	2	188	Lime and blue shale ----	7	283		
Crevice, water -----	5	193	Lime, sandy-----	3	286		
Lime, sandy -----	12	205	Shale, black -----	22	308		
Lime, fractured and gravel -	15	220					
Well E-92							
Owner: S. C. Park. Driller: Richardson Bros.							
Soil -----	6	6	Lime, yellow and clear				
Caliche -----	6	12	gravel -----	5	185		
Lime, hard, yellow -----	38	50	Lime, yellow, water ----	10	195		
Shale, blue -----	91	141	Lime, gray and yellow				
Lime, blue and gravel -----	9	150	gravel -----	10	205		
Lime, hard, gray -----	20	170	Lime, gray and blue shale				
Lime, hard, yellow -----	10	180	with breaks -----	5	210		
Well E-111							
Owner: L. P. Williams. Driller: J. T. Coats.							
Soil -----	6	6	Shale, black -----	11	110		
Gravel -----	12	18	Shale, yellow and sand -	17	127		
Lime, yellow -----	3	21	Lime, yellow -----	29	156		
Shale, yellow -----	27	48	Shale, yellow -----	4	160		
Shale, gray -----	51	99	Shale, blue -----	38	198		
(continued on next page)							

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)	
Well E-111--continued							
Lime, white -----	8	206	Lime -----	26	321		
Shale, blue -----	14	220	Shale, blue -----	24	345		
Shale, black -----	63	283	Shale, black -----	8	353		
Shale, blue -----	9	292	Lime, yellow -----	29	382		
Sand, water -----	3	295	Shale, black -----	3	385		
Well E-112							
Owner: L. P. Williams. Driller: J. T. Coats.							
Soil -----	3	3	Lime, hard -----	77	355		
Caliche -----	27	30	Lime, yellow and yellow sand -----	15	370		
Shale, yellow -----	85	115	Sand, yellow and yellow gravel -----	2	372		
Shale, black -----	143	258					
Sand and gravel, water -----	20	278					
Well E-120							
Owner: L. P. Williams. Driller: J. T. Coats.							
Soil -----	4	4	Sand, gray, good water -	20	567		
Caliche -----	26	30	Shale, blue -----	3	570		
Lime, white -----	35	65	Sand, gray, yellow and gray gravel, yellow; yellow, water -----	27	597		
Lime, yellow -----	15	80					
Lime, white -----	25	105					
Lime, yellow -----	64	169					
Lime, blue, yellow white ---	378	547					
Well F-4							
Owner: Ernest Riggs. Driller: Bishop Smith.							
Soil -----	30	30	Lime -----	3	115		
Caliche -----	54	84	Shale, black -----	23	138		
Shale, black -----	28	112	Lime -----	4	142		
(continued on next page)							

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)	
Well F-4--continued							
Shale -----	5	147	Lime, white -----	20	196		
Lime -----	7	154	Lime, blue -----	46	242		
Shale -----	7	161	Sand and lime -----	92	334		
Lime -----	2	163	(Water at 65, 165, 225,				
Crevice or sand -----	13	176	and 234 feet).				
Well F-13							
Owner: T. W. Hillin. Driller: Carmine Drilling Co.							
Soil -----	6	6	Sand, light, very fine-				
Caliche -----	18	24	grained -----	51	351		
Gypsum, water -----	4	28	Sand, blue, fine-grained	8	359		
Clay, yellow, and asphalt --	52	80	Sandstone, gray -----	6	365		
Clay, blue -----	14	94	Sand, very fine-grained	5	370		
Clay, light blue, heaving --	16	110	Clay, blue -----	6	376		
Asphalt -----	35	145	Sand, water -----	26	402		
Lime, gray -----	80	225	Clay, blue -----	18	420		
Sand, fine-grained -----	15	240	Sand, fine-grained-----	60	480		
Sand, brown -----	18	258	Gravel, water -----	20	500		
Shale, blue, sticky -----	7	265	Clay, blue -----	8	508		
Sand, streaks, and clay,			Redbeds-----	7	515		
water -----	35	300					
Well F-22							
Owner: Charles Stone. Driller: Ed Jones.							
Lime, hard, and caliche ----	15	15	Clay, yellow -----	5	115		
Lime, soft gray, water ----	25	40	Gravel, shells, blue,				
Shale, brown -----	20	60	shale -----	32	147		
Gravel, water -----	10	70	No record -----	3	150		
Gravel, pink, brownish-			Shale, blue, and caliche	50	200		
yellow -----	30	100	Sand, white, blue when				
Lime, hard, blue -----	10	110	wet -----	50	250		

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)	
Well F-46							
Owner: Roots Estate. Driller: -- Anderson.							
Soil -----	3	3	Redbeds -----	25	615		
Caliche -----	27	30	Redbeds, hard -----	55	670		
Clay, yellow -----	30	60	Redbeds, soft -----	10	680		
Lime -----	125	185	Sand, hard, red -----	10	690		
Redbeds -----	16	201	Redbeds, soft -----	15	705		
Sand -----	49	250	Shale, soft, red -----	45	750		
Lime, light brown -----	10	260	Sand, water -----	15	765		
Sand, water -----	31	291	Redbeds, soft -----	258	1,023		
Mud, gray -----	5	296	Sand, red -----	17	1,040		
Sand, water -----	7	303	Rock, red -----	10	1,050		
Redbeds and lime shells ----	20	323	Redbeds -----	40	1,090		
Lime, gray -----	77	400	Rock, red -----	223	1,313		
Lime, gray -----	43	443	Sand and lime breaks ---	17	1,330		
Shale, blue caving -----	27	470	Shale, blue, sandy -----	3	1,333		
Lime and sand, hard, gray --	10	480	Lime, hole full of water	6	1,339		
Rock, red, and sand, hard --	65	545	Lime -----	41	1,380		
Sand, red, hard -----	10	555	Lime, sandy, sulfur water	7	1,387		
Redbeds and rock, red -----	25	580	Gypsum -----	6	1,393		
Shale, gray -----	3	583	Shale, broken, sandy ---	23	1,416		
Sand, hard, gray -----	7	590					
Well F-62							
Owner: Page Carson. Driller: -- Shoemaker.							
Caliche -----	20	20	No record -----	137	317		
Lime, yellow, crevice at 23 feet -----	8	28	Redbeds -----	6	323		
Lime, gray, hard, water ----	28	56	Lime, gray -----	11	334		
Lime, blue -----	9	65	Redbeds -----	7	341		
Lime, gray, water -----	38	103	Lime, gray -----	7	348		
Lime, blue -----	2	105	Shale, gray -----	17	365		
Sand, rock, yellow -----	21	126	Shale, red -----	4	369		
Sand, gray, water -----	9	135	Shale, gray -----	19	388		
Shale, blue -----	2	137	Shale, blue -----	23	411		
Sand, water rose to 80 feet of surface -----	43	180	Shale, gray -----	23	434		
			Redbeds -----	27	461		
			Shale, gray -----	4	465		

(continued on next page)

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)	
Well F-62--continued							
Shale, red -----	6	471	Redbeds -----	88	1,202		
Lime -----	8	479	Rock, red -----	30	1,232		
Shale, red -----	31	510	Rock, red and shale -----	23	1,255		
Rock, red -----	7	517	Lime -----	4	1,259		
Lime, brown -----	8	525	Rock, red -----	19	1,278		
Shale, red -----	30	555	Lime -----	18	1,296		
Redbeds -----	47	602	Gyp -----	5	1,301		
Sand, brown -----	7	609	Shale, blue -----	11	1,312		
Rock, red -----	33	642	Redbeds, water rose to 36 feet of surface ---	13	1,325		
Redbeds -----	21	663	Lime, gray -----	11	1,336		
Sand, brown -----	7	670	Sand, water -----	2	1,338		
Redbeds -----	15	685	Lime -----	57	1,395		
Lime, brown -----	12	697	Lime, sandy -----	5	1,400		
Shale, red -----	24	721	Shale, blue -----	2	1,402		
Redbeds -----	52	773	Lime -----	2	1,404		
Lime, yellow -----	3	776	Shale and gyp -----	1	1,405		
Redbeds -----	54	830	Lime -----	6	1,411		
Rock, red -----	40	870	Lime, and gyp -----	6	1,417		
Redbeds -----	15	885	Shale, blue -----	17	1,434		
Rock, red -----	36	921	Lime, gray -----	62	1,496		
Redbeds -----	75	996	Sand, red -----	14	1,510		
Rock, red -----	20	1,016	Lime -----	37	1,547		
Shale, red -----	27	1,043					
Rock, red -----	71	1,114					
Well F-65							
Owner: The University of Texas. Driller: Jamison & Pollard.							
Limestone, hard, white -----	48	48	Limestone, sandy, and shale, blue -----	5	120		
Shale, blue -----	12	60	Limestone, sandy -----	4	124		
Shale, blue, and limestone, white -----	12	72	Limestone, hard, gray, fossiliferous blue shale -----	4	128		
Shale, blue, rotten in lower 8 feet -----	26	98	Limestone, gray and tan	14	142		
Shale, blue, thin beds of limestone -----	17	115					
(continued on next page)							

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)		
Well F-65--continued					
Shale, blue and limestone, hard, gray -----	5	147	Sand, coarse-grained, red, some limestone, white -----	3	408
Shale, blue -----	8	155	Sand, very coarse-grained, red, water -----	2	410
Limestone, sandy, gray -----	5	160	Sand, coarse-grained, red and hard, white, lime- stone -----	8	418
Limestone, hard, gray, and white; 180-190 feet fos- siliferous -----	25	185	Limestone, hard, white -	30	448
Shale, blue and gray, lime- stone, hard, gray -----	5	190	Limestone, white -----	17	465
Limestone, hard, gray, and tan, fossiliferous -----	17	207	Limestone, white, and shale white -----	10	475
Limestone, hard, gray and tan with calcite veing ---	18	225	Sand, very coarse-grained transparent to red ----	20	495
Limestone, hard, yellow and gray -----	29	254	Sand, coarse-grained, hard; limestone, tan to white -----	15	510
Limestone, and shale, blue -	9	263	Shale, sandy, mostly pur- ple, and interbedded silty red sand -----	60	570
Limestone, gray and yellow -	2	265	Sand, red, very fine to coarse-grained, with some thin beds of gray to red shale -----	15	585
Limestone, sandy gray, trace of pyrite -----	7	272	Shale, red and gray, sandy, and sand -----	33	618
Limestone, sandy, gray, and shale, white -----	8	280	Sand, coarse-grained, red and gray (caves badly) -----	17	635
Sand, coarse-grained, gray, water -----	10	290	Shale, gray and red, sandy -----	15	650
Sand, coarse-grained, white, water -----	5	295	Shale, red and gray, sandy -----	59	709
Limestone, medium-grained, hard, white, and sand, white, abundance of pyrite	10	305	No record -----	11	720
Sand, coarse-grained, white water -----	25	330	Shale, red, sandy -----	40	760
Sand, coarse-grained, white, blue shale breaks -----	15	345	Shale, red, sandy with trace of gypsum -----	5	765
Sand, coarse-grained, white, shale, blue, and limestone, yellow -----	17	362	Shale, red, sandy, medium grained -----	30	795
Sand, coarse-grained, white	20	382			
Sand, fine-grained, red, some blue and red shale -	18	400			
Sand, coarse-grained, red	5	405			

(continued on next page)

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Well F-65--continued					
Sand, red, coarse-grained ---	5	800	Anhydrite, white, dark dolomite -----	15	1,425
Shale and sand, sandy, fine to coarse grained -----	40	840	Anhydrite, white, hard, trace of dolomite ----	9	1,434
Shale, gray to red, sandy --	35	875	Shale, red -----	11	1,445
Sand, fine-grained, red, red sandy shale and green sandy shale -----	45	920	Limestone, hard to medium, white -----	15	1,460
Shale, red, trace of white gypsum -----	5	925	Limestone, medium to hard, light-tan -----	8	1,468
Sand, fine-grained, red sandy shale, trace of gypsum ---	45	970	Water rose to within 200 feet of top of hole at 1,450 feet.		
Shale, sandy, red, trace of gypsum -----	10	980	Dolomite, porous, light to dark tan -----	55	1,523
Sand, fine-grained, red, and sandy, red shale with thin beds of gypsum -----	95	1,075	Dolomite, dark tan, shale, red -----	7	1,530
Shale, sandy, red, thin beds of gypsum -----	39	1,114	Shale, red and white, tan dolomite, and white anhydrite -----	18	1,548
Shale, sandy, red, trace of gypsum -----	11	1,125	Shale, red -----	7	1,555
Shale, red -----	15	1,140	Dolomite, dark tan, hard	13	1,568
Shale, red, sandy, trace of greenish-gray sand-----	30	1,170	Limestone, and sand, gray and dark -----	4	1,572
Shale, sandy, red, trace of gypsum -----	5	1,175	Sand and dolomite, gray and white -----	8	1,580
Shale, sandy, red, trace of white gypsum and green sand -----	25	1,200	Sand and sandy limestone, gray to tan -----	20	1,600
Sand, red, silty, and sandy shale -----	60	1,260	Limestone, hard, dense -	12	1,612
Shale, red, sandy -----	10	1,270	Limestone, porous, tan	3	1,615
Shale, sandy, gray -----	15	1,285	Limestone, alternating beds of dense and porous -----	20	1,635
Shale, red, sandy, white, gypsum -----	30	1,315	Dolomite, tan, and gray, sand, water -----	10	1,645
Shale, sandy, red -----	20	1,335	Sand, coarse-grained, gray some dolomite, and red shale -----	20	1,665
Shale, gray and red, sandy	18	1,353	Dolomite, hard, coarse-grained, red sand, red and white shale -----	5	1,670
Shale, sandy, red -----	29	1,382	Dolomite, tan, hard ----	5	1,675
Shale, sandy, red, white anhydrite, and gray sand	8	1,390			
Anhydrite, white, trace of dolomite, white -----	20	1,410			

(continued on next page)

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)	
Well F-65--continued							
Dolomite, tan, hard, fine- grained sand, and red shale -----	9	1,684	No record ----- (Top "salt" 2,220 feet)	417	2,220		
Anhydrite, white, white shale and dolomite -----	8	1,692	No record ----- (Top sand 2,795 feet)	575	2,795		
Anhydrite, white -----	8	1,700	No record ----- (700 feet of sulfur water in 2 hours)	173	2,968		
Anhydrite, tan and white ---	15	1,715					
Anhydrite, white -----	88	1,803					
Well F-68							
Owner: Chandler Co. Driller: Lockhart & Co.							
Surface -----	10	10	Shale, red and gray, sandy -----	68	693		
Lime, broken, sandy -----	27	37	Rock, red -----	74	767		
Lime, brown, and gravel ----	13	50	Shale, blue -----	3	770		
Lime, gray, sandy -----	20	70	Sand, red -----	15	785		
Slate, brown -----	10	80	Rock, red -----	46	831		
Shells, sandy -----	15	95	Lime and shale -----	6	837		
Lime, broken -----	40	135	Rock, red -----	8	845		
Shale, gray -----	5	140	Lime -----	3	848		
Gumbo -----	20	160	Rock, red, and sand ----	257	1,105		
Slate, black -----	47	207	Rock, red with some gyp- sum -----	215	1,320		
Lime -----	18	225	Shells, lime -----	3	1,323		
Slate and lime shells -----	33	258	Shale, red -----	72	1,395		
Shale, gray -----	22	280	Anhydrite -----	13	1,408		
Sand, water -----	10	290	Rock, red -----	7	1,415		
Lime, gray -----	57	347	Anhydrite -----	53	1,468		
Sand, water -----	113	460	Sand, soft, brown -----	22	1,490		
Shale, gray -----	3	463	Lime, brown -----	5	1,495		
Sand -----	7	470	Sulfur water 1,490-95 feet				
Rock, red -----	3	473	Lime, gray -----	115	1,610		
Sand, red -----	23	496	Rock, red -----	5	1,615		
Lime, sandy -----	9	505	Shale, blue -----	5	1,620		
Rock, red -----	15	520	Gypsum -----	45	1,665		
Lime, brown -----	10	530	Lime, hard -----	20	1,685		
Sand, hard, sharp -----	35	565	Lime, gray -----	15	1,700		
Rock, red -----	10	575					
Lime, sandy -----	50	625					
(continued on next page)							

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)	
Well F-102--continued							
Anhydrite and limestone ----	81	2,658	Limestone -----	33	2,936		
Limestone -----	101	2,759	Limestone and sand ----	16	2,952		
Anhydrite and limestone ----	51	2,810	Sand -----	9	2,961		
Limestone and sand -----	40	2,850	Sand and dolomite ----	4	2,965		
Limestone -----	45	2,895	Shale, sandy -----	32	2,997		
Limestone, sandy -----	8	2,903					
Well F-109							
Owner: E. Sullivan. Driller: Gulf Oil Corp.							
Limestone, light buff, hard, fine-grained, crystalline-	70	70	Limestone, gray, fine- grained, crystalline and little gray sand.				
Shale, dark gray, silty, earthy, calcareous and light gray fine-grained crystalline limestone ----	30	100	Top sand at 345 feet -	90	400		
Shale, gray, silty, earthy calcareous -----	120	220	Sand, gray, medium- grained, slightly cal- careous, water at 440 feet -----	130	530		
Limestone, gray, fine to medium, grained, crystal- line -----	40	260	Sand, gray, fine-grained silty -----	70	600		
Limestone, light tan to buff, hard, fine-grained crystalline -----	50	310	Sand, medium-coarse grained, pyrite present, some gray-green shale	30	630		
Well F-111							
Owner: H. E. Taylor. Driller: R. A. Cleveland.							
Top soil -----	2	2	Sand, gray -----	9	140		
Lime, broken -----	5	7	Sand, yellow, porous ---	9	149		
Lime, white, hard -----	14	21	Lime, hard -----	2	151		
Caliche, hard -----	24	45	Sand, white, water ----	2	153		
Gravel, water -----	15	60	Sand, white -----	3	156		
Clay, light yellow -----	12	72	Rock, shell, purple and gray -----	3	159		
Lime, yellow -----	11	83	Shale -----	9	168		
Clay, yellow -----	8	91	Lime, yellow and fine red sand -----	5	173		
Lime, hard -----	16	107	Gravel, and shell rock	12	185		
Lime, brown and yellow, broken -----	14	121	Sand (salt and pepper) -	15	200		
Lime, gray, sandy -----	10	131					

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Well F-131					
Owner: --- Driller: Quinby Oil Co.					
Lime, white -----	40	40	Sand, red, water -----	3	600
Gumbo, yellow -----	40	80	Sand, redbeds, caving --	16	616
Sand, water -----	20	100	Redbeds, caving - -----	26	642
Shale, blue, lime, shells --	20	120	Redbeds -----	11	653
Shale, blue -----	25	145	Lime, gray, hard -----	5	658
Lime, gray, water level 68 -	5	150	Rock, red -----	1	659
Lime, gray -----	51	201	Redbeds -----	19	678
Lime, white, very hard -----	5	206	Rock, red-----	33	711
Lime, white -----	2	208	Shut-down Nov. 1925,		
Shale, blue -----	2	210	Apr. 13, 1926 rigged		
Lime, white -----	27	237	up and cleaned out,		
Lime, white, hard -----	4	241	water level 75 feet,		
Lime, gray, hard -----	18	259	caving 60 feet.		
Shale, blue, sandy -----	10	269	Redbeds -----	64	775
Lime, sandy -----	9	278	Lime, and shells -----	5	780
Sand -----	5	283	Redbeds, hard -----	4	784
Lime, sandy -----	7	290	Redbeds -----	42	826
Lime, white, sandy -----	36	326	Rock, red -----	21	847
Sand -----	23	349	Redbeds -----	23	870
Lime, white, caving -----	5	354	Rock, red -----	15	885
Lime, white, shells, hard --	2	356	Sand, red, hard -----	5	890
Sand, white, water -----	2	358	Sand and shell, red, very		
Lime, white, shells, hard --	17	375	hard -----	8	898
Rock, red -----	7	382	Redbeds -----	7	905
Redbeds -----	3	385	Redbeds and gypsum -----	10	915
Rock, red -----	10	395	Redbeds -----	21	936
Lime, gray, shells and shale	19	414	Redbeds -----	4	940
Lime, white, caving -----	19	433	Sand, red, hard -----	10	950
Lime, white, shells and			Rock, red -----	8	958
shale, caving -----	21	454	Redbeds -----	27	985
Sand, red -----	12	466	Mud, blue -----	5	990
Lime, white, shell -----	3	469	Redbeds -----	17	1,007
Sand, red caving -----	2	471	Redbeds, sandy -----	23	1,030
Lime, gray, caving -----	21	492	Redbeds -----	23	1,053
Shale, red -----	3	495	Sand rock, red, very		
Shale, light gray, sandy,			hard -----	17	1,070
carrying water -----	75	570	Sand, red, hard -----	103	1,173
Shale, red, sandy -----	6	576	Redbeds, very slight oil		
Sand, red, water -----	11	587	show 1,228 feet. Hole		
Redbeds -----	10	597	reduced 1,228 feet ---	55	1,228

(continued on next page)

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Well F-131--continued					
Redbeds, bailed water down to 600 feet -----	37	1,265	Shell, hard -----	5	1,445
Redbeds -----	5	1,270	Sand, water -----	3	1,448
Redbeds and sand, hard -----	15	1,285	Lime, gray, hard -----	6	1,454
Gyp, white -----	5	1,290	Lime, gray, soft -----	2	1,456
Sand, red -----	4	1,294	Lime, gray, shell, hard	9	1,465
Redbeds -----	16	1,310	Lime, gray, very hard --	3	1,468
Lime, white, and gyp -----	34	1,344	Lime, gray -----	8	1,476
Gyp, white, sandy -----	11	1,355	Sand, white, water -----	2	1,478
Sand, water -----	10	1,365	Lime, white, hard, bail- ed water down 300 May		
Sand, white, water hard ----	7	1,372	14 -----	14	1,492
May 2, water was soft and fresh at first, but with hole remaining at 1,372 feet it gradually gained in sulfur and in 24 hours was quite strong. Water struck between 1,365-1,380 feet, came to top of cas- ing, and began to run over. Volume measured at 1,372 feet was 307 barrels per day.			Lime, white, hard, pipe reset 1,504 feet, 7- inch water not shut off	12	1,504
May 3, at depth of 1,376 feet, flow was same as May 4, when depth was 1,387 and flow 1,077. Tempera- ture of water at latter depth was 79.8.			Lime, gray, hard, water 1,504-1,509, put mud in hole -----	2	1,506
Gyp, white, soft -----	4	1,376	Sand, gray, water, soft	3	1,509
Gyp, white, soft -----	11	1,387	Sand, gray, slightly hard -----	6	1,515
Lime, white, shell, very hard. Underreamed and set 10 inch -----	8	1,395	Sand, limey, hard -----	5	1,520
Sand, white, water -----	9	1,404	Lime, brown, sandy -----	22	1,542
Sand, brown and lime -----	4	1,408	Lime, gray, hard -----	5	1,547
Sulfur, increase in water --	4	1,412	Sand, red, reduced hole, lowered pipe to bottom		
Shell, hard -----	6	1,418	hole appeared dry ----	9	1,556
Sulfur, more water -----	2	1,420	Bailed water down 200 feet.		
Shell, hard -----	5	1,425	Lime, gray -----	2	1,558
Sand, gray -----	5	1,430	Redbeds -----	3	1,561
Sand, pink -----	5	1,435	Lime, brown -----	4	1,565
Shell, white, hard -----	5	1,440	Lime and gyp, reddish --	15	1,580
			Shale, blue, soft -----	5	1,585
			Shale, blue, hard -----	10	1,595
			Lime, gray -----	5	1,600
			Lime, gray, shale, and slate -----	20	1,620
			Lime, gray, and gyp ----	20	1,640
			Lime and gyp -----	39	1,679
			Lime, gray and gyp -----	37	1,716
			Permian, gray -----	29	1,745
			Lime, gray and gyp -----	74	1,819
			Lime, gray, and gyp hard	26	1,845

(continued on next page)

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)	
Well F-131--continued							
Lime, gray -----	65	1,910	Lime, gray, very hard --	18	2,696		
Permian, blue, hard -----	31	1,941	Lime, gray -----	9	2,705		
Lime, gray -----	19	1,960	Lime, brown -----	17	2,722		
Lime, blue -----	42	2,002	Lime, red and black, and gyp -----	28	2,750		
Lime, blue, samples show some salt crystals water between 2,002-12 IBl in three hours -----	33	2,035	Lime, brown and gray, and gyp -----	32	2,782		
Salt, blue, and lime shell	25	2,060	Lime, brown and gyp ----	55	2,837		
Lime, hard -----	12	2,072	Lime, white, very hard -	17	2,854		
Sand, gray, hard -----	2	2,074	Lime, brown, hard -----	18	2,872		
Lime, blue, and salt, broken formation -----	51	2,125	Lime, gray, shell -----	13	2,885		
Shells, gray, salt -----	45	2,170	Lime, gray, shell softer	5	2,890		
Lime and salt, white -----	30	2,200	Lime, gray -----	20	2,910		
Salt, gray -----	20	2,220	Lime, white, hard -----	17	2,927		
Lime, gray -----	4	2,224	Lime, white, very hard -	5	2,932		
Lime, blue and salt -----	16	2,240	Dolomite, gray -----	1	2,933		
Salt, blue and lime -----	35	2,275	Dolomite, gray -----	7	2,940		
Lime, white, hard -----	15	2,290	Lime, blue -----	36	2,976		
Lime, blue -----	10	2,300	Lime, gray -----	40	3,016		
Lime, gray, hard -----	30	2,330	Lime, shell, gray -----	5	4,031		
Lime, gray -----	57	2,387	Lime, blue -----	14	3,035		
Lime, gray, hard -----	8	2,395	Lime, shell, gray and blue -----	25	3,060		
Lime, shells, gray and blue -	29	2,424	Lime, gray, appears to be a little more water, 3 bailers of water in 4 hours -----	9	3,069		
Lime, gray, hard -----	18	2,442	Gas, strong odor -----	15	3,084		
Lime, gray -----	56	2,498	Sand, red -----	6	3,092		
Lime, blue, 40 hour shutdown hole made 8 $\frac{1}{2}$, bails water. Reduced hole 2,525 feet to 8-inch -----	20	2,518	Lime, gray -----	56	3,148		
Lime, gray -----	37	2,555	Lime, white -----	1	3,149		
Lime, gray, hard -----	13	2,568	Lime, gray -----	21	3,170		
Lime, blue, hard -----	17	2,585	Sand, red -----	10	3,180		
Lime, gray -----	7	2,592	Slate and lime shells, gray -----	20	3,200		
Lime, gray, hard -----	13	2,605	Lime, gray, took water samples -----	10	3,210		
Lime, brown, hard -----	8	2,613	Lime, gray, bailed 28 bailers of water -----	5	3,215		
Dolomite, gray, hard -----	12	2,625	Lime, gray, bailed 19 bailers of water -----	5	3,220		
Lime, gray, hard -----	11	2,636					
Lime, gray -----	42	2,678					

(continued on next page)

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)	
Well F-131--continued							
Lime, white -----	3	3,223	Sand, white, water -----	14	3,308		
Lime, shell, gray -----	22	3,245	Sand, gray, coarse-				
Lime, gray and sand -----	15	3,260	grained -----	4	3,312		
Lime, black -----	5	3,265	Sand, gray, dark and				
Sand, white -----	2	3,267	finer -----	6	3,318		
Ore sllion -----	3	3,270	No record -----	2	3,320		
Lime, black, water -----	6	3,276	Reset $\frac{6}{4}$ -inch casing				
Lime, black, water, little			3,307 feet. Muddied				
sulfur in water, no salt -	3	3,279	hole behind casings --	7	3,327		
Lime, black -----	9	3,288	Sand, gray, hard -----	2	3,329		
Lime, black, getting harder	4	3,292	Sand, hard -----	2	3,331		
No sample, softer formation	2	3,294	Sand, gray, hard -----	2	3,333		
Well F-133							
Owner: C. W. Williams. Driller: E. R. Minshall, et al.							
Lime -----	30	30	Shale, red, sandy -----	25	680		
Lime and shale -----	5	35	Sand -----	4	684		
Shale, blue -----	52	87	Sand, gray -----	5	689		
Lime -----	24	111	Rock, red -----	6	695		
Lime and shale -----	29	140	Rock, red, sandy -----	6	701		
Shale, blue -----	145	285	Lime, sandy -----	8	709		
Lime -----	36	321	Rock, red and sand -----	21	730		
Sand, hole full of water ---	4	325	Sand, red -----	25	755		
Sand -----	30	355	Sand, hole full of water	10	765		
Lime -----	10	365	Rock, red, sandy -----	25	790		
Sand, water -----	25	390	Sand, red -----	20	810		
Shale, gray, sandy -----	15	405	Rock, red -----	45	855		
Sand and shale -----	35	440	Lime, -----	5	860		
Rock, red -----	70	510	Rock, red -----	5	865		
Anhydrite -----	25	535	Redbeds -----	140	1,005		
Sand -----	28	563	Sand, red -----	5	1,010		
Rock, red -----	7	570	Rock, red and sand, red	250	1,260		
Rock, red, and sand -----	5	575	Rock, red -----	40	1,300		
Sand -----	30	605	Sand -----	7	1,307		
Lime, sandy -----	5	610	Rock, red -----	189	1,496		
Sand -----	35	645	Gypsum and anhydrite --	4	1,500		
Redbeds -----	10	655	Anhydrite -----	45	1,545		

(continued on next page)

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)	
Well F-133--continued							
Lime, gray -----	5	1,550	Anhydrite-----	16	2,538		
Lime, brown, hole full of sulfur water -----	15	1,565	Dolomite -----	13	2,551		
Sand, gray -----	5	1,570	Anhydrite -----	39	2,590		
Lime, gray -----	5	1,575	Lime, brown -----	6	2,596		
Lime, white -----	20	1,595	Anhydrite -----	10	2,606		
Lime -----	5	1,600	Lime and anhydrite ----	7	2,613		
Shale -----	50	1,650	Lime, brown -----	9	2,622		
Lime -----	7	1,657	Anhydrite -----	26	2,648		
Shale -----	10	1,667	Lime -----	22	2,670		
Lime -----	83	1,750	Lime, brown -----	59	2,729		
Sand -----	3	1,753	Lime, black -----	21	2,750		
Rock, red, sandy -----	27	1,780	Shale, gray -----	4	2,754		
Lime, sand and rock, red ---	10	1,790	Lime, gray -----	10	2,764		
Gypsum and rock, red -----	10	1,800	Lime, brown -----	22	2,786		
Anhydrite and shale -----	5	1,805	Lime, -----	6	2,792		
Anhydrite -----	277	2,082	Lime, gray -----	6	2,798		
Lime, gray -----	13	2,095	Lime, brown -----	5	2,803		
Anhydrite -----	190	2,285	Anhydrite -----	3	2,806		
Salt -----	20	2,305	Lime, gray -----	9	2,815		
Gypsum, anhydrite, and salt	11	2,316	Lime and sand -----	12	2,827		
Anhydrite -----	49	2,365	Lime -----	99	2,926		
Salt -----	81	2,446	Shale, black and blue --	24	2,950		
Anhydrite -----	44	2,490	Lime, broken -----	10	2,960		
Lime -----	18	2,508	Lime-----	20	2,980		
Dolomite and lime -----	8	2,516	Rock, red -----	10	2,990		
Lime, brown -----	6	2,522	Sand, gray -----	15	3,005		
Well F-134							
Owner: C. W. Williams.							
Caliche and lime -----	105	105	Lime, broken, and shale-	10	300		
Lime -----	20	125	Lime -----	37	337		
Shale, blue -----	15	140	Sand, water at 344 feet	43	380		
Lime -----	45	185	Lime, sandy -----	35	415		
Shale, blue -----	20	200	Shale, -----	10	425		
Lime -----	10	210	Sand -----	14	439		
Shale, blue -----	15	225	Shale -----	58	497		
Lime -----	5	230	Sand -----	13	510		
Shale, blue -----	60	290	Shale, blue -----	8	518		

(continued on next page)

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)	Depth	Thickness (feet)	Depth
10	2,756	10	2,756
12	2,766	12	2,766
10	2,770	10	2,770
4	2,774	4	2,774
25	2,791	25	2,791
10	2,811	10	2,811
35	2,919	35	2,919
10	2,966	10	2,966
160	2,971	160	2,971
5	2,985	5	2,985
272	2,994	272	2,994
470	2,971	470	2,971
53	2,985	53	2,985
40	2,994	40	2,994
316	3,025	316	3,025
84	3,055	84	3,055
2,000	3,083	2,000	3,083
2,032	3,091	2,032	3,091
32	3,100	32	3,100
108	3,110	108	3,110
2,140	3,124	2,140	3,124
140	3,133	140	3,133
2,280	3,140	2,280	3,140
11	3,140	11	3,140
2,338	3,150	2,338	3,150
47	3,166	47	3,166
50	3,175	50	3,175
7	3,190	7	3,190
2,395	3,204	2,395	3,204
55	3,215	55	3,215
182	3,222	182	3,222
2,632	3,233	2,632	3,233
22	3,246	22	3,246
2,654	3,258	2,654	3,258
10	3,278	10	3,278
2,664		2,664	
28		28	
2,692		2,692	
18		18	
2,710		2,710	
25		25	
2,735		2,735	

Well F-134--continued

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

		Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)			Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Well F-135							
Owner: C. W. Williams. Driller: ---.							
Lime -----	90	90	Lime, gray -----	17	1,600		
Shale, blue-----	1	91	Sand, water -----	4	1,604		
Lime, shale -----	89	180	Sand, white -----	3	1,607		
Lime, shale breaks -----	110	290	Lime, gray -----	26	1,633		
Shale, blue -----	30	320	Lime, brown -----	14	1,647		
Lime, and shale -----	20	340	Lime, gray -----	13	1,660		
Lime, water -----	10	350	Gypsum, anhydrite, and				
Lime -----	70	420	lime -----	5	1,665		
Lime, blue, hard -----	4	424	Lime, gray -----	10	1,675		
Sand, water -----	31	455	Lime, brown -----	5	1,680		
Sand and shale -----	25	480	Lime, gray, red streaks	46	1,726		
No record -----	15	495	Lime, blue -----	31	1,757		
Sand, water -----	9	504	Lime -----	20	1,777		
Shale, sandy -----	21	525	Lime, broken, rock, red	4	1,781		
Lime, blue -----	10	535	Water -----	4	1,785		
Shale, sandy -----	15	550	Lime, hard -----	9	1,794		
Shale and lime shells -----	15	565	Lime, broken, rock, red	5	1,799		
Lime, broken -----	15	580	Anhydrite -----	20	1,819		
Lime -----	28	608	Lime, gray -----	25	1,844		
Lime, broken -----	10	618	Lime, gray -----	5	1,849		
Rock, red -----	40	658	Anhydrite -----	50	1,899		
Lime, hard -----	7	665	Lime and anhydrite-----	9	1,908		
Rock, red -----	17	682	Anhydrite, show of gas -	78	1,986		
Shale, gray, sandy -----	8	690	Anhydrite -----	36	2,022		
Shale, red -----	30	720	Lime, gray -----	11	2,033		
Rock, red -----	10	730	Anhydrite -----	57	2,090		
Sand, water -----	35	765	Lime, sandy -----	16	2,106		
Shale, red, sandy -----	15	780	Anhydrite -----	33	2,139		
Shale, red -----	25	805	Dolomite -----	11	2,150		
Rock, red -----	27	832	Anhydrite and lime -----	24	2,174		
Lime, anhydrite -----	6	838	Anhydrite and shells ---	14	2,188		
Rock, red, and shale -----	75	913	Anhydrite, black sulfur				
Shale, red, shells -----	32	945	water -----	55	2,243		
Rock, red, and shale -----	551	1,496	Anhydrite -----	27	2,270		
Shale, red, sandy -----	14	1,510	Dolomite -----	13	2,283		
Anhydrite, shells and sand	8	1,518	Anhydrite and salt -----	29	2,312		
Shale, red -----	17	1,535	Lime and anhydrite -----	23	2,335		
Anhydrite, water -----	45	1,580	Salt -----	68	2,403		
Sand, water, hole full of			Anhydrite and gypsum --	23	2,426		
water -----	3	1,583	Anhydrite and lime -----	11	2,437		

(continued on next page)

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)	
Well F-135--continued							
Dolomite -----	8	2,445	Lime, gray -----	28	2,819		
Anhydrite -----	84	2,529	Sand, gas -----	9	2,828		
Anhydrite and lime, brown --	8	2,537	Shale and sand -----	8	2,836		
Lime -----	8	2,545	Sand, gas -----	4	2,840		
Anhydrite -----	6	2,561	Sand and shale -----	5	2,845		
Lime, brown -----	6	2,567	Sand, gas -----	5	2,850		
Anhydrite -----	13	2,570	Lime and sand -----	52	2,902		
Lime, gray -----	13	2,583	Lime, sand increases ----	7	2,909		
Gypsum -----	7	2,590	Lime, sandy -----	18	2,927		
Anhydrite -----	10	2,600	Shale, sandy -----	8	2,935		
Lime, brown -----	12	2,612	Sand, gas -----	5	2,940		
Lime and anhydrite -----	10	2,622	Lime, gray -----	10	2,950		
Lime, brown -----	70	2,692	Shale, gas -----	4	2,954		
Lime, show of gas -----	3	2,695	Lime, gray, sandy -----	10	2,964		
Lime -----	42	2,737	Lime, gray -----	4	2,968		
Lime, dark gray -----	17	2,754	Sand, gray -----	12	2,980		
Lime, gray -----	10	2,764	Sand, gray -----	3	2,983		
Lime, brown -----	27	2,791	Sand, sulfur water -----	1	2,984		
Well F-136							
Owner: City of Fort Stockton. Driller: P. Jones.							
Soil -----	3	3	Shale, sandy -----	4	366		
Caliche -----	62	65	Sand -----	9	375		
Shale, blue -----	70	135	Shale, sandy -----	15	390		
Lime, shaley -----	45	180	Sand -----	23	413		
Lime -----	106	286	Redbed -----	1	414		
Sand -----	76	362					

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness		Depth	Thickness		Depth
(feet)		(feet)	(feet)		(feet)
Well F-137					
Owner: City of Fort Stockton. Driller: P. Jones.					
Caliche and lime shells, water at 17 feet-----	14	14	Lime, gray, hard -----	76	260
Shale, blue and lime shale -	26	40	Sand, yellow -----	5	265
Shale, blue, sticky -----	58	98	Sand rock, white -----	25	290
Lime, gray, layers of slate and shale -----	74	172	Shale -----	4	294
Lime, yellow with shells, plenty of water, probably small crevice -----	12	184	Lime, sandy, hard -----	9	303
			Shale, white, sticky ---	12	315
			Sand rock, soft -----	12	327
			Sand, white -----	12	339
			Shale, white, blue oily	6	345
Well F-139					
Owner: N. M. Mitchell. Driller: P. Weddle.					
Soil -----	15	15	Sand, water rose fast---	7	115
Caliche, and gravel -----	10	25	Lime, gray -----	75	190
Gumbo, yellow, seep water --	10	35	Sand -----	17	207
Lime, yellow, hard -----	5	50	Shale, pink -----	3	210
Shale, hard -----	15	55	Sand, water -----	37	247
Shale, soft -----	35	90	Sandstone -----	3	250
Lime, gray, hard -----	15	105	Shale -----	25	275
Gravel, water rose some ----	3	108	Redbeds -----	35	310
Well F-144					
Owner: J. S. Oates. Driller: E. James.					
Soil-----	10	10	Clay, yellow, gravel ---	13	107
Clay and gravel -----	18	28	Limestone, hard, gray-		
Gravel, water -----	2	30	ish-blue -----	41	148
Lime shell -----	2	32	Clay, yellow -----	12	160
Clay, white, water -----	18	50	Sand, yellow -----	30	190
Limestone, hard -----	2	52	Shale, pink -----	14	204
Clay and limestone, gravel -	11	63	Sand, gravel, black,		
Clay, white -----	10	73	water -----	12	216
Shale, pink -----	13	86	Shale -----	19	235
Gravel, yellow, water -----	8	94	Sand, white, water ----	24	259

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)		Depth (feet)	
Well F-150							
Owner: --- Driller: ---							
Limestone, medium dark, fine-grained, crystalline	160	160	Top Rustler -----	10	1,330		
Sand, white and yellow, fine-grained -----	10	170	Dolomite -----	170	1,500		
Limestone, sand, and gray shale -----	40	210	Anhydrite -----	200	1,700		
Sand and limey sand -----	50	260	Anhydrite with little sand and gray and red shale -----	40	1,740		
Sand, limestone, and gray shale -----	30	290	Anhydrite -----	90	1,830		
Limestone, light gray and brown -----	70	360	Anhydrite with little sand and red-green and gray shale -----	190	2,020		
Limestone, with increasing amount of sand -----	50	410	Anhydrite -----	200	2,220		
Sand and gravelly sand -----	80	490	Top Tansill, dolomite and anhydrite -----	180	2,400		
Shale, bluish-gray -----	20	510	Dolomite and little sand and gray shale -----	120	2,520		
Sand, red, silty, fine- grained -----	40	550	Top Yates -----		2,520		
Sand, silty with red and green shale -----	770	1,320	No record -----	740	3,260		
Well F-152							
Owner: Burney Ligon. Driller: E. James.							
Soil and clay -----	8	8	Gravel and shale -----	65	110		
Lime -----	12	20	Lime -----	32	142		
Caliche -----	25	45					
Well F-155							
Owner: --- Driller: ---							
Lime, yellow -----	20	20	Shale, blue -----	5	55		
Shale, blue -----	20	40	Lime, yellow -----	5	60		
Lime, white -----	10	50	Lime, brown, water -----	5	65		
(continued on next page)							

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness		Depth	Thickness		Depth
(feet)		(feet)	(feet)		(feet)
Well F-155--continued					
Lime, brown -----	5	70	Lime -----	21	1,366
Shale, blue and lime -----	15	85	Sand, water -----	14	1,380
Clay, blue -----	15	100	Lime -----	19	1,399
Lime, sandy -----	10	110	Lime, white -----	14	1,413
Sand, white, water -----	15	125	Sand, water, flowing ---	12	1,425
Sand, white -----	35	160	Lime, gray, hard, sandy	5	1,430
Sand, yellow -----	20	180	Lime, white, hard, sandy	9	1,439
Shale, gray, sandy -----	20	200	Lime -----	18	1,457
Lime, brown -----	10	210	Sand, water second flow,		
Rock, red -----	10	220	bad water -----	12	1,469
Lime, brown -----	20	240	Lime, gray, hard -----	14	1,483
Lime, brown and white -----	5	245	Lime -----	12	1,495
Lime, yellow -----	5	250	Sand, dry -----	11	1,506
Lime, yellow, fine -----	15	265	Lime -----	12	1,518
Lime, brown -----	10	275	Anhydrite -----	32	1,550
Lime, white -----	20	295	Shale, blue -----	12	1,562
Shale, blue -----	5	300	Anhydrite -----	10	1,572
Shale, brown, sandy -----	15	315	Anhydrite, sandy -----	8	1,580
Lime, brown -----	20	335	Anhydrite -----	327	1,907
Shale, brown -----	20	355	Shale, blue, sandy -----	11	1,918
Shale, blue -----	35	390	Anhydrite -----	85	2,003
Sand, red and white, water			Sand, water -----	5	2,008
will not bail down -----	10	400	Anhydrite -----	98	2,106
Redbed -----	35	435	Lime -----	13	2,119
Lime, brown -----	15	450	Lime, white, harder ----	10	2,129
Rock, red, some sand -----	5	455	Anhydrite -----	15	2,144
Rock, red -----	185	640	Lime -----	8	2,152
Rock, red, white sand, 12			Anhydrite -----	6	2,158
B.W.P.H. -----	5	645	Shale, blue -----	34	2,192
Rock, red -----	57	702	Anhydrite -----	100	2,292
Redbed -----	425	1,127	Lime, gray -----	66	2,358
Rock, red sandy -----	102	1,229	Anhydrite -----	36	2,394
Shale, blue -----	26	1,255	Lime -----	5	2,399
Lime, white -----	13	1,268	Anhydrite -----	17	2,416
Lime -----	8	1,276	Lime -----	18	2,434
Shale, blue -----	12	1,288	Anhydrite -----	3	2,437
Lime, white, sandy -----	13	1,301	Shale, blue, gas show --	4	2,441
Sand, water -----	30	1,331	Lime, hard -----	2	2,443
Lime -----	1	1,332	Anhydrite -----	2	2,445
Lime, black -----	13	1,345	Anhydrite, bottom hole -	59	2,504

Table 6.- Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness		Depth	Thickness		Depth
(feet)		(feet)	(feet)		(feet)
Well F-156					
Owner: M. R. Gonzales. Driller: R. A. Cleveland.					
Adobe, dirt and clay -----	5	5	Crevice -----	4	49
Lime, soft, chalk -----	7	12	No record -----	39	88
Caliche -----	6	18	Sand, gray, water -	22	110
Lime, hard -----	27	45	Redbeds and lime --	130	240
Well F-158					
Owner: S. C. Park. Driller: Richardson Bros.					
Soil -----	6	6	Shale, blue and lime	19	190
Caliche and clay -----	9	15	Lime, yellow -----	11	201
Gravel, sandy -----	6	21	Crevice -----	8	209
Lime, white -----	42	63	Lime, hard -----	1	210
Shale, blue -----	108	171			
Well F-159					
Owner: S. C. Park. Driller: A. N. Yocke.					
Soil -----	6	6	Shale, blue and lime	19	170
Caliche and clay -----	9	15	Lime, yellow -----	19	189
Sand and gravel -----	6	21	Crevice, water -----	6	195
Lime, white -----	42	63	Lime, hard -----	5	200
Shale, blue -----	88	151			

Table 6.- Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

	Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)		Thickness (feet)	Depth (feet)
Well F-160					
Owner: H. S. Whittenburg. Driller: Joe Gray.					
Soil -----	8	8	Lime, shells -----	5	256
Shale, sandy -----	17	25	Sand, gray -----	6	262
Gravel -----	15	40	Sand, yellow and shale, gray -----	31	293
Caliche and shale, limey	35	75	Sand, gray and shale, gray, possibly some water at 300-309 ---	41	334
Lime, shells, blue -----	10	85	Sand, yellow -----	14	348
Sand, little water -----	5	90	Sand, soft, gray, possibly water -----	17	365
Shale, blue -----	15	105	Sand, hard, gray -----	7	372
Lime, blue -----	93	198	Lime, brown -----	29	401
Crevice (water cleared up, no returns no cuttings)	12	210			
Lime, gray -----	6	216			
Sand -----	35	251			
Well J-2					
Owner: Graef Bros. Driller: E. James.					
Gravel, surface -----	8	8	No returns on cuttings, lots of water, believe four strata of water, also four thin beds of limestone -----	55	450
Conglomerate -----	117	125	Bottomed in yellow clay and gravel. Water standing at 290 feet from surface.		
Gravel and clay -----	25	150			
Lime, hard, white -----	20	170			
Gravel and clay -----	80	250			
Lime, hard -----	30	280			
Gravel of limestone -----	10	290			
Gravel and clay -----	80	370			
Lime, hard -----	25	395			
Well J-3					
Owner: Dave McGill. Driller: Royce Hemmline.					
Soil -----	7	7	Clay, buff, arenaceous 75 percent and gravel, coarse to fine, of limestone and chert	29	135
Clay, reddish buff, slight- ly sandy -----	18	25	Sand, subrounded, angu- lar, of limestone and chert -----	5	140
Gravel, limestone, subround angular, 60 percent and sand, quartz and limestone, subrounded grains, 40 percent -----	5	30	Sand of limestone and trachyte, subrounded to angular grains, 80 percent and gravel, limestone and trachyte pebbles, subrounded, 20 percent -----	7	147
Sand, fine to coarse-grained subrounded, 60 percent and gravel, limestone and igneous fragments, sub- rounded, 40 percent -----	76	106			

(Continued on next page)

Table 6.--Drillers' logs of wells in the vicinity of
Fort Stockton, Pecos County--continued

Thickness		Depth		Thickness		Depth	
(feet)		(feet)		(feet)		(feet)	
Well J-3--continued							
Gravel, trachytic, syenitic, little limestone, sub-rounded 90 percent and sand of same materials, 10 percent -----	23	170	Gravel, and sand, igneous, sub-rounded ---	5	183		
Clay, pinkish buff, 50 percent and gravel of igneous origin 50 percent -	8	178	Clay, pinkish buff, slightly arenaceous --	8	191		
			Sand and gravel of igneous origin, sub-rounded -----	10	201		

Table 7.- Water levels in the vicinity of Fort Stockton,
Pecos County, Texas

(Water levels in feet below land-surface datum)

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
Well E-13					
Owner: D. J. Sibley.					
Nov. 23, 1946	44.3	Dec. 6, 1952	52.91	Jan. 19, 1955	51.64
Jan. 25, 1952	55.68	Dec. 2, 1954	54.26		
Well E-69					
Owner: Chandler Co.					
Jan. 25, 1952	9.22	Dec. 3, 1954	15.82	Feb. 9, 1955	10.55
Dec. 8	16.19	Jan. 20, 1955	18.98	Dec. 7	12.67
Well E-72					
Owner: Chandler Co.					
Dec. 8, 1952	14.96	Dec. 3, 1954	16.32	Feb. 9, 1955	11.09
Dec. 5, 1953	15.89	Jan. 22, 1955	9.53	Dec. 7	12.52
Well E-73					
Owner: Chandler Co.					
Jan. 25, 1952	8.61	Dec. 3, 1954	15.78	Feb. 9, 1955	10.30
Dec. 5, 1953	15.18	Jan. 20, 1955	8.81	Dec. 7	11.04
Well E-89					
Owner: Wesley Whitman.					
Jan. 3, 1956	77.3	Apr. 3, 1956	100.1	May 5, 1956	109.1
Mar. 21	83.1	Apr. 10	102.6		

Table 7.- Water levels in the vicinity of Fort Stockton,
Pecos County--Continued

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
Well F-7					
Owner: Ernest Riggs.					
June 6, 1947	14.2	Dec. 6, 1952	16.78	Jan. 19, 1955	14.21
July 8, 1948	16.5	Dec. 5, 1953	20.10	Dec. 6	12.65
Nov. 30, 1951	16.56	Dec. 2, 1954	19.24		
Well F-57					
Owner: M. R. Gonzales.					
Apr. 10, 1947	29.8	Jan. 25, 1952	33.25	Jan. 19, 1955	32.59
Apr. 28, 1950	34.0	Dec. 8	37.00	Dec. 6	35.05
Mar. 26, 1951	35.6	Dec. 5, 1953	35.04		
Nov. 28	36.60	Dec. 3, 1954	37.08		
Well F-63					
Owner: Lem Smith.					
Oct. 20, 1946	97.4	Jan. 25, 1952	88.32	Jan. 19, 1955	87.18
Dec. 30, 1950	89.5	Dec. 8	94.70		
Nov. 29, 1951	91.88	Dec. 5, 1953	93.11		
Well F-71					
Owner: McKinney & Ivey.					
June 15, 1942	118.2	July 15, 1948	122.7	Dec. 16, 1955	124.2
Nov. 19, 1946	116.0	June 23, 1949	119.5	Apr. 3, 1956	168.4
Well F-130					
Owner: Mrs. B. F. Webb.					
Mar. 15, 1950	41.4	Jan. 25, 1952	53.73	Dec. 2, 1954	55.62
May 30	43.2	Dec. 6	55.11	Dec. 7, 1955	55.25
Nov. 28, 1951	56.46	Dec. 5, 1953	56.91		

Table 7.- Water levels in the vicinity of Fort Stockton,
Pecos County--Continued

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
Well F-132					
Owner: The Texas Co.					
June 28, 1949	103.0	Jan. 25, 1952	102.63	Dec. 2, 1954	104.08
May 29, 1950	103.0	Dec. 6	103.78	Dec. 6, 1955	102.66
Nov. 28, 1951	104.80	Dec. 5, 1953	103.27		
Well F-138					
Owner: State Highway Department.					
Nov. 27, 1951	60.90	Dec. 7, 1953	70.14	Feb. 10, 1955	51.03
Jan. 25, 1952	58.92	Dec. 2, 1954	60.02	Dec. 7	51.89
Dec. 8	68.93	Jan. 20, 1955	47.81		
Well F-149					
Owner: Burney Ligon.					
June 11, 1950	83.4	Dec. 8, 1952	91.07	Dec. 1, 1954	91.38
Jan. 26, 1952	89.07	Dec. 5, 1953	93.87	Dec. 5, 1955	94.25
Well F-153					
Owner: B. Hilger.					
June 21, 1949	51.3	Jan. 25, 1952	61.85	Dec. 2, 1954	61.06
Oct. 4	50.4	Dec. 6	62.19	Jan. 19, 1955	60.53
Nov. 27, 1951	62.25	Dec. 5, 1953	61.62	Dec. 7	62.63
Well F-154					
Owner: City of Fort Stockton.					
Jan. 17, 1950	117.0	Dec. 6, 1952	126.33	Dec. 7, 1955	127.81
Nov. 28, 1951	127.33	Dec. 5, 1953	129.03		
Jan. 25, 1952	122.49	Dec. 3, 1954	126.16		

Table 7.- Water levels in the vicinity of Fort Stockton,
Pecos County--Continued

Date	Water level	Date	Water level	Date	Water level
Well F-156					
Owner: M. R. Gonzales.					
Mar. 21, 1949	41.2	Jan. 25, 1952	43.61	Jan. 19, 1955	40.76
Jan. 1, 1951	42.6	Dec. 8	45.60	Dec. 6	43.62
Mar. 19	42.2	Dec. 5, 1953	45.14		
Nov. 28	45.85	Dec. 3, 1954	45.24		
Well F-161					
Owner: H. S. Whittenburg.					
Dec. 8, 1952	99.67	Jan. 19, 1955	95.39	Apr. 3, 1956	82.99
Dec. 5, 1953	98.97	Dec. 6	69.02	Apr. 10	87.31
Dec. 3, 1954	99.78	Dec. 19	68.86	May 4	96.9

Table 8.- Analyses of water from wells and springs in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County, Tex. (Results are in parts per million, except specific conductance, pH, and percent sodium)

Well	Owner	Depth of well (ft.)	Date of collection	Silica (SiO ₂)	Calcium (Ca)	Magnesium (Mg)	Sodium and potassium (Na + K)	Bicarbonate (HCO ₃)	Sulfate (SO ₄)	Chloride (Cl)	Nitrate (NO ₃)	Boron (B)	Dissolved solids	Hardness CaCO ₃	Percent sodium	Sodium-adsorption ratio (SAR)	Specific conductance (microhmhos at 25°C)	pH	
E-13	D. J. Sabley	401	Nov. 23, 1946	-	158	45	178	270	310	300	0.5	-	1,120	580	-	-	-	-	-
E-26	M. C. Slaton	350	Mar. 28, 1949	22	135	54	283	271	405	375	2.5	0.11	1,410	559	52	-	2,230	-	-
E-26	do	350	Mar. 6, 1956	24	141	52	276	267	411	375	1.4	.33	1,420	566	51	5.1	2,220	7.5	-
E-28	Clayton Williams	1,373	Apr. 3, 1944	-	342	83	194	252	959	292	0	.26	1,990	1,200	26	-	-	-	-
E-28	do	1,373	Mar. 28, 1949	17	295	76	217	213	874	308	2.2	-	1,890	1,050	31	-	2,580	-	-
E-28	do	1,373	Mar. 6, 1956	20	265	62	214	225	750	300	.4	.27	1,730	916	33	3.1	2,430	7.1	-
E-29	do	446	Jan. 30, 1947	-	156	52	250	280	413	345	.8	-	1,350	604	47	-	2,090	-	-
E-29	do	446	Mar. 28, 1949	21	133	53	268	272	395	352	2.2	.20	1,360	550	51	-	2,120	-	-
E-29	do	446	Mar. 6, 1956	23	148	52	264	268	417	362	1.7	.33	1,410	584	49	4.7	2,200	7.8	-
E-30	Chandler Co.	1,756	Apr. 11, 1946	-	504	115	133	154	1,480	250	.5	-	2,560	1,730	14	-	-	-	-
E-30	do	1,756	Oct. 15, 1947	-	530	118	109	172	1,470	265	.5	-	2,580	1,810	12	-	3,150	-	-
E-31	Mrs. C.L. Thompson	3,575	Apr. 1, 1952	17	388	103	88	174	1,230	105	.5	-	2,020	1,392	11	-	-	-	-
E-31	do	3,575	Apr. 3, 1944	-	478	116	115	202	1,470	160	.0	-	2,440	1,670	13	-	-	-	-
E-32	George Baker	220	May 5, 1947	-	104	23	86	245	149	127	6.7	-	680	354	35	-	1,090	-	-
E-33	do	200	do	-	360	106	371	277	1,070	525	7.5	-	2,640	1,330	38	-	3,670	-	-
E-66	Raymond Tyler	630	Jan. 19, 1956	22	102	27	104	252	177	144	1.8	.27	710	366	38	2.4	1,170	7.4	-
E-67	Harlan Black	600	Apr. 2, 1956	22	94	19	84	244	143	114	2.1	.20	604	312	26	2.1	994	-	-
E-84	Chandler Co.	1,812	Apr. 7, 1956	18	314	87	195	192	984	282	.2	.21	1,980	1,140	27	2.5	2,690	7.3	-
E-92	S. C. Park	210	Mar. 21, 1956	22	144	46	266	268	385	360	1.0	.23	1,360	548	51	4.9	2,200	7.6	-
E-112	L. P. Williams	372	Mar. 20, 1956	22	136	47	278	264	383	380	.0	.23	1,380	532	53	5.3	2,250	7.6	-
F-4	Ernest Riggs	334	Dec. 9, 1946	-	243	155	651	200	1,270	825	12	-	3,250	1,240	-	-	3,280	-	-
F-4	do	334	May 27, 1948	36	148	102	416	70	782	580	5.6	-	2,100	789	53	-	3,280	-	-
F-4	do	334	Apr. 7, 1956	19	284	144	560	279	968	910	11	-	3,050	1,300	48	6.8	4,570	7.7	-
F-13	T. W. Hillin	515	Mar. --, 1947	-	206	60	267	274	543	390	1.5	-	1,600	760	-	-	2,450	-	-
F-13	do	515	Apr. 2, 1949	16	208	62	301	254	614	408	5.9	-	1,740	774	46	-	2,640	-	-
F-22	Charles Stone	250	Oct. 28, 1946	-	352	94	777	306	1,020	795	25	-	3,210	765	-	-	5,240	-	-
F-26	Harrison Dyche	260	Apr. 16, 1947	-	416	144	537	308	1,380	780	10	-	3,420	1,630	-	-	-	-	-
F-53	City of Fort Stockton	193	Oct. 21, 1946	16	156	52	260	276	427	350	.4	-	1,420	604	44	-	2,180	7.0	-
F-57	M. R. Gonzales	235	Aug. 27, 1949	21	140	53	278	252	444	355	2.5	-	1,410	568	52	-	2,250	7.7	-
F-58	Pecos County Water Control & Improvement District No. 1	Spring	Apr. 7, 1932	-	138	54	269	271	393	358	.83	-	1,368	566	50	-	-	-	-
F-58	do	Spring	Aug. 28, 1939	-	142	51	-	-	395	364	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,230	-	-

* Well E-31, Iron (Fe) 0.29.
 * Well E-66, Iron (Fe), 0.16; Manganese (Mn), 0.00; Fluoride (F), 1.1; Phosphate (PO₄), 0.01.
 * Well E-112, Iron (Fe), 1.9.

Table 8.- Analyses of water from wells and springs in the vicinity of Fort Stockton, Pecos County--Continued

Well	Owner	Depth of well (ft.)	Date of collection	Silica (SiO ₂)	Calcium (Ca)	Magnesium (Mg)	Sodium and potassium (Na+K)	Bicarbonate (HCO ₃)	Sulfate (SO ₄)	Chloride (Cl)	Nitrate (NO ₃)	Boron (B)	Dissolved solids	Hardness as CaCO ₃	Percent sodium	Sodium-adsorption ratio (SAR)	Specific conductance (microhos at 25°C)	pH
F-58	Pecos County Water Control & Improvement District No.1	Spring	Dec. 20, 1939	-	124	62	220	173	380	358	-	-	1,230	-	-	-	2,180	-
F-58	do	Spring	May 5, 1940	-	-	-	-	-	-	358	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,280	-
F-58	do	Spring	June 28, 1940	-	140	55	200	122	391	356	1.0	-	1,200	-	-	-	2,250	-
F-58	do	Spring	Aug. 23, 1940	-	109	54	262	180	386	364	2.0	-	1,270	494	54	-	2,180	-
F-58	do	Spring	Sept. 3, 1940	-	131	52	252	227	387	354	1.2	-	1,290	-	50	-	2,200	-
F-58	do	Spring	Feb. 1, 1941	22	140	50	273	273	386	348	.50	-	1,360	555	51	-	2,140	-
F-58	do	Spring	Apr. 15, 1941	-	129	52	255	228	383	358	0	-	1,290	536	51	-	2,110	-
F-58	do	Spring	June 1, 1941	-	142	50	261	273	394	350	-	-	1,330	560	50	-	-	-
F-58	do	Spring	Oct. 9, 1946	-	125	53	261	188	429	382	0	-	1,310	530	52	-	2,170	-
F-58	do	Spring	Oct. 14, 1947	-	132	54	261	238	402	358	1.0	-	1,330	552	51	-	2,220	-
F-58	do	Spring	Aug. 5, 1949	-	-	-	-	-	-	355	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,240	-
F-58	do	Spring	Oct. 3, 1949	-	-	-	-	267	-	352	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,240	7.4
F-58	do	Spring	Aug. 6, 1949	24	128	52	268	264	377	360	0	-	1,320	534	52	-	2,230	8.1
F-58	do	Spring	Jan. 28, 1950	22	136	58	246	243	389	360	.8	-	1,330	578	48	-	2,130	8.1
F-58	do	Spring	May 11, 1950	-	-	-	-	-	394	352	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,220	-
F-62	Page Carson	1,547	June 6, 1947	-	448	205	319	175	2,180	172	-	-	3,410	1,960	-	-	-	-
F-62	do	1,547	June 11, 1947	-	598	205	138	175	2,180	158	0	-	3,370	2,340	11	-	-	-
F-62	do	1,547	Feb. 6, 1950	15	598	195	157	185	2,170	159	0	-	3,380	2,290	13	-	3,690	7.7
F-62	do	1,547	Apr. 9, 1956	14	573	192	164	180	2,110	165	0	-	3,310	2,220	14	1.5	3,620	8.0
F-63	Lem Smith	350	Nov. 30, 1946	-	100	52	250	142	384	348	2.0	-	1,210	464	54	-	2,130	-
F-63	do	350	Mar. 1, 1950	22	140	51	245	267	392	332	0	0.56	1,310	559	49	-	2,160	7.4
F-101	Ernest Riggs	1,435	Apr. 7, 1956	16	584	198	146	199	2,150	132	0	.21	3,320	2,270	12	1.3	3,580	7.4
F-102	Mrs. B. Downs	2,997	Jan. 5, 1948	-	588	225	117	88	2,160	230	1.0	-	3,360	2,390	9.6	-	-	-
F-102	do	2,997	Apr. 7, 1956	24	638	199	143	206	2,170	208	.3	-	3,480	2,410	11	1.3	3,850	7.7
F-112	Clyde Wilson	215	June 30, 1949	23	238	77	376	340	687	520	1.5	-	2,090	910	47	-	-	-
F-119	Lee O. White	1,800	Apr. 6, 1956	15	599	230	225	160	2,410	205	0	-	3,760	2,440	17	2.0	4,110	7.1
F-124	C. E. McIntyre	386	Apr. 2, 1956	32	376	97	506	307	1,060	790	13	.56	3,040	1,340	45	6.0	4,340	7.0
F-128	O. W. Adams	300	Oct. 3, 1949	32	248	101	393	296	823	555	8.2	-	2,310	1,030	45	-	3,450	7.9
F-140	N. M. Mitchell	255	Nov. 17, 1950	15	161	74	276	262	507	400	.2	-	1,560	706	46	-	2,580	7.6
F-143	B. E. Mitchell	255	July 24, 1948	28	200	20	377	300	668	500	2.2	-	2,000	828	50	-	3,100	-
F-144	J. S. Oates	259	July 16, 1949	24	166	68	301	290	500	418	3.2	-	1,620	694	48	-	2,850	7.3
F-167	A. F. Buchanan	363	Mar. 21, 1956	21	139	44	222	277	259	302	.2	.24	1,220	528	48	4.2	1,990	7.6
J-2	Graef Bros.	450	Mar. 5, 1956	34	90	23	130	250	191	148	1.1	.17	748	319	46	3.2	1,180	7.5
J-3	Dave McGill	201	do	44	58	5.3	26	218	20	16	6.0	.11	286	166	25	.9	441	7.5

